15A NCAC 11 .0352 is amended with changes as published in NCR 27:22, pp. 2031-2073, as follows:

3	15A NCAC 11.	0352 EMERGENCY PLANS		
4	(a) Each applica	tion to possess radioactive materials in unsealed form, on foils or plated sources, or sealed in glass		
5	in excess of the q	uantities in the table in Subparagraph (e)(1) of this Rule must contain either:		
6	(1)	an evaluation showing that the maximum dose to a person off-site due to a release of radioactive		
7		materials would not exceed one rem effective dose equivalent or five rems to the thyroid; or		
8	(2)	an emergency plan for responding to a release of radioactive material.		
9	(b) One or mo	re of the The following factors may shall be used to support an evaluation submitted under		
10	Subparagraph (a)	(1) of this Rule:		
11	(1)	(1) the radioactive material is physically separated so that only a portion could be involved in an		
12		accident;		
13	(2)	all or part of the radioactive material is not subject to release during an accident because of the		
14		way it is stored or packaged;		
15	(3)	the release fraction in the respirable size range would be lower than the release fraction shown in		
16		Subparagraph (e)(1) of this Rule due to the chemical or physical form of the material;		
17	(4)	the solubility of the radioactive material would reduce the dose received;		
18	(5)	the facility design or engineered safety features in the facility would cause the release fraction to		
19		be lower than shown in Subparagraph (e)(1) of this Rule; and		
20	(6)	the operating restrictions or procedures would prevent a release fraction as large as that shown in		
21		Subparagraph (e)(1) of this Rule; or		
22	(7)	other the factors appropriate for the specific facility.		
23	(c) An emergen	cy plan for responding to a release of radioactive material submitted under Subparagraph (a)(2) of		
24	this Rule must in	clude the following information:		
25	(1)	brief a description of the licensee's facility and potentially impacted area; area near the site;		
26	(2)	the identification of each type of radioactive materials accident for which protective actions may		
27		be needed;		
28	(3)	the classification system for classifying accidents as alerts or site area emergencies;		
29	(4)	the identification of the means of detecting each type of accident in a timely manner quickly		
30		enough to mitigate off-site consequences;		
31	(5)	brief <u>a</u> description of the means and equipment for mitigating the consequences of each type of		
32		accident, including those provided to protect workers on-site, and a description of the program for		
33		maintaining the equipment;		
34	(6)	brief <u>a</u> description of the methods and equipment to assess releases of radioactive materials;		
35	(7)	brief <u>a</u> description of the responsibilities of licensee personnel, should an accident occur, including		
36		identification of personnel responsible for promptly notifying off-site response organizations and		
37		the agency, and responsibilities for developing, maintaining, and updating the plan;		

1	(8)	brief a description of notification and coordination, to include a commitment to and a brief		
2		description of the means to promptly notify off-site response organizations and request off-site		
3		assistance, including medical assistance for the treatment of contaminated injured on-site workers		
4		when appropriate, needed, provided that:		
5		(A) a control point shall be is established;		
6		(B) the notification and coordination shall be is planned so that unavailability of some		
7		personnel, parts of the facility, and some equipment will not prevent the notification and		
8		coordination;		
9		(C) the licensee shall also commit commits to notify the agency immediately after		
10		notification of the appropriate off-site response organizations, not to exceed within one		
11		hour after the licensee declares an emergency; and		
12		(D) the reporting requirements in this Subparagraph (c)(8) of this Rule do not substitute for or		
13		relieve the licensee from responsibility for complying with the requirements in the		
14		Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986, Title III, Public Law		
15		99-499 or other state State or federal reporting requirements;		
16	(9)	brief description of the types of information on facility status, radioactive releases, and		
17		recommended protective actions, if necessary, to be given to off-site response organizations and to		
18		the agency;		
19	(10)	brief description of the frequency, performance objectives and plans for the training that the		
20		licensee will provide to workers on how to respond to an emergency, including any special		
21		instructions and orientation tours the licensee would offer offers to fire, police, medical and other		
22		emergency personnel, where such training shall:		
23		(A) familiarize personnel with site-specific emergency procedures; and		
24		(B) thoroughly prepare site personnel for their responsibilities in the event of accident		
25		scenarios postulated as most probable for the specific site, including the use of team		
26		training for such scenarios;		
27	(11)	brief description of the means of restoring the facility to a safe condition after an accident;		
28	(12)	brief description of provisions for conducting quarterly communications checks with off-site		
29		response organizations and biennial on-site exercises to test response to simulated emergencies		
30		where such provisions shall meet the following specific requirements:		
31		(A) quarterly communications checks with off-site response organizations shall include the		
32		check and update of all necessary telephone numbers;		
33		(B) while participation of off-site response organizations in biennial exercises is encouraged		
34		but not required, the licensee shall invite off-site response organizations to participate in		
35		the biennial exercises;		
36		(C) accident scenarios for biennial exercises shall not be are not known to most exercise		
37		participants;		

1		(D)	the licensee shall critique of eac	ch exercise using individuals who	do not have direct
2			implementation responsibility for	the plan. plan; and Critiques of ex	ercises evaluate the
3			appropriateness of the plan, eme	ergency procedures, facilities, equ	ipment, training of
4			personnel, and overall effectivenes	ss of the response; and	
5		(E)	critiques of exercises shall eva	aluate the appropriateness of the) plan, emergency
6			procedures, facilities, equipment,	training of personnel, and overall	effectiveness of the
7			response; and		
8		(F) (E)	deficiencies found by the critiques	s in Part (c)(12)(E) Part (c)(12)(D)	of this Rule shall be
9			are corrected; and		
10	(13)	certifica	tion that the applicant has met it	s responsibilities under the Emerg	ency Planning and
11		Commu	nity Right-to-Know Act of 1986	, Title III, Public Law 99-499, i	f applicable to the
12		applican	t's activities at the proposed place of	of use of the radioactive material.	
13	(d) The licensee	shall <u>sub</u>	mit the emergency plan to allow th	e off-site response organizations exp	pected to respond in
14	case of an accid	ent 60 d	ays to comment on the licensee's	emergency plan before submitting	g it the plan to the
15	agency. The lice	ensee sha	ll provide any comments received	within the 60 day comment period	to the agency with
16	the emergency plan.				
17	(e) Quantities of	radioact	ve material requiring consideration	n of the need for an emergency plan	for responding to a
18	release as used in	this Rul	e and special instructions for use ar	e:	
19	(1)		TABLE		
20					
21	RADIOACTIVE	MATER	IAL	RELEASE	QUANTITY
22				FRACTION	(CURIES)
23	Actinium-228			0.001	4,000
24	Americium-241			.001	2
25	Americium-242			001<u>.001</u>	2
26	Americium-243			.001	2
27	Antimony-124			.01	4,000
28	Antimony-126			.01	6,000
29	Barium-133			.01	10,000
30	Barium-140			.01	30,000
31	Bismuth-207			.01	5,000
32	Bismuth-210			.01	600
33	Cadmium-109			.01	1,000
34	Cadmium-113			.01	80
35	Calcium-45			.01	20,000
36	Californium-252			.001	9 (20 mg)
37	Carbon-14 (NON	I -CO) (NC	$ON CO_2$.01	50,000

1	Cerium-141	.01	10,000
2	Cerium-144	.01	300
3	Cesium-134	.01	2,000
4	Cesium-137	.01	3,000
5	Chlorine-36	.5	100
6	Chromium-51	.01	300,000
7	Cobalt-60	.001	5,000
8	Copper-64	.01	200,000
9	Curium-242	.001	60
10	Curium-243	.001	3
11	Curium-244	.001	4
12	Curium-245	.001	2
13	Europium-152	.01	500
14	Europium-154	.01	400
15	Europium-155	.01	3,000
16	Germanium-68	.01	2,000
17	Gadolinium-153	.01	5,000
18	Gold-198	.01	30,000
19	Hafnium-172	.01	400
20	Hafnium-181	.01	7,000
21	Holmium 166 m Holmium-166m	.01	100
22	Hydrogen-3	.5	20,000
23	Iodine-125	.5	10
24	Iodine-131	.5	10
25	Indium 114 m Iodine-114m	.01	1,000
26	Iridium-192	.001	40,000
27	Iron-55	.01	40,000
28	Iron-59	.01	7,000
29	Krypton-85	1.0	6,000,000
30	Lead-210	.01	8
31	Manganese-56	.01	60,000
32	Mercury-203	.01	10,000
33	Molybdenum-99	.01	30,000
34	Neptunium-237	.001	2
35	Nickel-63	.01	20,000
36	Niobium-94	.01	300
37	Phosphorus-32	.5	100

1	Phosphorus-33	.5	1,000
2	Polonium-210	.01	10
3	Potassium-42	.01	9,000
4	Promethium-145	.01	4,000
5	Promethium-147	.01	4,000
6	Radium-226	.001	100
7	Ruthenium-106	.01	200
8	Samarium-151	.01	4,000
9	Scandium-46	.01	3,000
10	Selenium-75	.01	10,000
11	Silver 110 m Silver-110m	.01	1,000
12	Sodium-22	.01	9,000
13	Sodium-24	.01	10,000
14	Strontium-89	.01	3,000
15	Strontium-90	.01	90
16	Sulfur-35	.5	900
17	Technetium-99	.01	10,000
18	Technetium 99 m Technetium-99m	.01	400,000
19	Tellurium 127 m Tellurium-127m	.01	5,000
20	Tellurium 129 m Tellurium-129m	.01	5,000
21	Terbium-160	.01	4,000
22	Thulium-170	.01	4,000
23	Tin-113	.01	10,000
24	Tin-123	.01	3,000
25	Tin-126	.01	1,000
26	Titanium-44	.01	100
27	Vanadium-48	.01	7,000
28	Xenon-133	1.0	900,000
29	Yttrium-91	.01	2,000
30	Zinc-65	.01	5,000
31	Zirconium-93	.01	400
32	Zirconium-95	.01	5,000
33	Any other beta-gamma emitter	.01	10,000
34	Mixed fission products	.01	1,000
35	Mixed corrosion products	.01	10,000
36	Contaminated equipment beta-gamma	.001	10,000

37 Irradiated material, any form

1	other than solid noncombustible	.01	1,000	
2	Irradiated material, solid			
3	Noncombustible noncombustible	.001	10,000	
4	Mixed radioactive waste			
5	beta-gamma	.01	1,000	
6	Packaged mixed waste, beta-gami	a .001	10,000	
7	Any other alpha emitter	.001	2	
8	Contaminated equipment, alpha	.0001	20	
9	Packaged waste, alpha	.0001	20	
10				
11	(2)(f) For combinations of radioa	tive materials, consideration of the need for an	emergency plan is required if the	
12	sum of the ratios of the quantity of each radioactive material authorized to the quantity listed for that material			
13	in the table in Subparagraph (e)(1) Subparagraph (e) of this Rule exceeds one.			
14	(3)(g) Waste packaged in Type B	containers, as defined in 10 CFR Part 71.4, does	not require an emergency plan.	
15				
16	History Note: Authority G.S. 1	4E-7; 104E-18; <u>10 CFR 30.72;</u>		
17	Eff. May 1, 1992			

18 Amended Eff. <u>October 1, 2013;</u> May 1, 1993; October 1, 1992.