ATTACHMENT - REQUIRED STATE AGENCY FINDINGS

FINDINGS

C = Conforming CA = Conditional NC = Nonconforming NA = Not Applicable

| Decision Date: Findings Date: | February 20, 2017 February 20, 2017 |
|----------------------------------|---|
| C | |
| Project Analyst: | Mike McKillip |
| Team Leader: | Lisa Pittman |
| Project ID #: | N-11233-16 |
| Facility: | FMC Pembroke |
| FID #: | 100881 |
| County: | Robeson |
| Applicant: | Bio-Medical Applications of North Carolina, Inc. |
| Project: | Add four dialysis stations for a total of 19 stations |

REVIEW CRITERIA FOR NEW INSTITUTIONAL HEALTH SERVICES

N.C. Gen. Stat. §131E-183(a) The Agency shall review all applications utilizing the criteria outlined in this subsection and shall determine that an application is either consistent with or not in conflict with these criteria before a certificate of need for the proposed project shall be issued.

(1) The proposed project shall be consistent with applicable policies and need determinations in the State Medical Facilities Plan, the need determination of which constitutes a determinative limitation on the provision of any health service, health service facility, health service facility beds, dialysis stations, operating rooms, or home health offices that may be approved.

С

Bio-Medical Applications of North Carolina, Inc. d/b/a FMC Pembroke [FMC Pembroke] proposes to add four dialysis stations for a total of 19 certified dialysis stations upon completion of the project.

Need Determination

The 2016 State Medical Facilities Plan (2016 SMFP) provides a county need methodology and a facility need methodology for determining the need for new dialysis stations. According to the July 2016 Semiannual Dialysis Report (SDR), the county need methodology shows there is no county need determination for Robeson County. However, the applicant is eligible to apply for additional stations in its existing facility based on the facility need methodology because the utilization rate reported for FMC Pembroke in the July 2016 SDR is 3.7 patients per station per week. This utilization rate was calculated based on 56 in-center dialysis patients and 15 certified dialysis stations as of December 31, 2015 (56 patients / 15 stations = 3.7 patients per station per week). Application of the facility need methodology indicates up to four additional stations are needed for this facility, as illustrated in the following table.

| | OCTOBER 1 REVIEW-JULY SDR | |
|-------------------|---|---------|
| Required SDR U | Jtilization | 80% |
| Center Utilizatio | on Rate as of 12/31/15 | 93.3% |
| Certified | | |
| Stations | | 15 |
| Pending | | |
| Stations | | 0 |
| Total Existing a | and Pending Stations | 15 |
| In-Center Patien | ts as of 12/31/15 (SDR2) | 56 |
| In-Center Patien | tts as of 6/30/15 (SDR1) | 53 |
| Step | Description | Result |
| | Difference (SDR2 - SDR1) | 3 |
| | Multiply the difference by 2 for the projected net in-center change | 6 |
| (i) | Divide the projected net in-center change for 1 year by the number of in-center patients as of $6/30/15$ | 0.1132 |
| (ii) | Divide the result of step (i) by 12 | 0.0094 |
| (iii) | Multiply the result of step (ii) by 12 (the number of months from 12/31/14 until 12/31/15) | 0.1132 |
| (iv) | Multiply the result of step (iii) by the number of in-center patients reported in SDR2 and add the product to the number of in-center patients reported in SDR2 | 62.3396 |
| | Divide the result of step (iv) by 3.2 patients per station | 19.4811 |
| (v) | and subtract the number of certified and pending stations to determine the number of stations needed | 4 |

As shown in the table above, based on the facility need methodology for dialysis stations, the potential number of stations needed is four stations. Step (C) of the facility need methodology states, "*The facility may apply to expand to meet the need established …, up to a maximum of ten stations.*" The applicant proposes to add only four new stations and, therefore, is consistent with the facility need determination for dialysis stations.

Policies

There is one policy in the 2016 SMFP which is applicable to this review: Policy GEN-3: Basic Principles. Policy GEN-3 states:

"A certificate of need applicant applying to develop or offer a new institutional health service for which there is a need determination in the North Carolina State Medical Facilities Plan shall demonstrate how the project will promote safety and quality in the delivery of health care services while promoting equitable access and maximizing healthcare value for resources expended. A certificate of need applicant shall document its plans for providing access to services for patients with limited

financial resources and demonstrate the availability of capacity to provide these services. A certificate of need applicant shall also document how its projected volumes incorporate these concepts in meeting the need identified in the State Medical Facilities Plan as well as addressing the needs of all residents in the proposed service area."

<u>Promote Safety and Quality</u> – The applicant describes how it believes the proposed project would promote safety and quality in Section B.4(a), pages 12-13, Section O, pages 56-61, and referenced exhibits. The information provided by the applicant is reasonable and adequately supports the determination that the applicant's proposal would promote safety and quality.

<u>Promote Equitable Access</u> – The applicant describes how it believes the proposed project would promote equitable access in Section B.4(b), page 13, Section L, pages 49-53, and referenced exhibits. The information provided by the applicant is reasonable and adequately supports the determination that the applicant's proposal would promote equitable access.

<u>Maximize Healthcare Value</u> – The applicant describes how it believes the proposed project would maximize healthcare value in Section B.4(c) and (d), pages 14-15, and Section N, page 55. The information provided by the applicant is reasonable and adequately supports the determination that the applicant's proposal would maximize healthcare value.

The applicant adequately demonstrates how its projected volumes incorporate the concepts of quality, equitable access and maximum value for resources expended in meeting the facility need as identified by the applicant. The application is consistent with Policy GEN-3.

Conclusion

In summary, the applicant adequately demonstrates that the application is consistent with the facility need determination in the July 2016 SDR and Policy GEN-3. Therefore, the application is conforming to this criterion.

- (2) Repealed effective July 1, 1987.
- (3) The applicant shall identify the population to be served by the proposed project, and shall demonstrate the need that this population has for the services proposed, and the extent to which all residents of the area, and, in particular, low income persons, racial and ethnic minorities, women, handicapped persons, the elderly, and other underserved groups are likely to have access to the services proposed.

С

The applicant, FMC Pembroke, proposes to add four dialysis stations for a total of 19 certified dialysis stations upon completion of the project.

Patient Origin

On page 369, the 2016 SMFP defines the service area for dialysis stations as "the planning area in which the dialysis station is located. Except for the Cherokee-Clay-Graham Multicounty Planning Area and the Avery-Mitchell-Yancey Multicounty Planning Area, each of the 94 remaining counties is a separate dialysis station planning area." Thus, the service area is Robeson County. Facilities may serve residents of counties not included in their service area.

In Section C.8, page 20, the applicant provides the historical patient origin for FMC Pembroke patients as of June 30, 2016, which is shown in the following table:

| County | In-Center | Home Hemodialysis | Peritoneal Dialysis |
|---------|-----------|----------------------|------------------------|
| Robeson | 54 | 0 | 0 |
| Wake | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| TOTAL | 55 | 0 | 0 |

Source: Table on page 20 of the application.

In Section C.1, page 17, the applicant provides the projected patient origin for FMC Pembroke for in-center (IC), home hemodialysis (HH) and peritoneal dialysis (PD) patients for the first two years of operation following completion of the project as follows:

| | Ope | rating Yea CY2019 | ar 1 | Operating Year 2 CY2020 | | Percent of Total | | |
|---------|------|----------------------|------|----------------------------|----|------------------|--------|--------|
| County | IC | HH | PD | IC | HH | PD | OY1 | OY2 |
| Robeson | 65.6 | 0 | 0 | 69.3 | 0 | 0 | 100.0% | 100.0% |
| Total* | 65.6 | 0 | 0 | 69.3 | 0 | 0 | 100.0% | 100.0% |

On page 17, the applicant states that FMC Pembroke does not offer home dialysis therapies, and that patients who are candidates for home dialysis will be referred to BMA Lumberton for home training and support.

The applicant provides the assumptions and methodology used to project patient origin on pages 17-19. The applicant adequately identifies the population to be served.

Analysis of Need

In Section B.2, page 10, the applicant states the application is filed pursuant to the facility need methodology in the 2016 SMFP utilizing data from the July 2016 SDR, and it proposes to add four dialysis stations to FMC Pembroke for a total of 19 stations at that facility. The applicant used the following assumptions:

1. The applicant projects the first two full operating years of the project will be January 1, 2019 – December 31, 2019 (CY2019) and January 1, 2020 – December 31, 2020 (CY2020).

- 2. On June 30, 2016, FMC Pembroke was providing dialysis treatment for 55 in-center patients, 54 of whom reside in Robeson County, and one who resides in Wake County.
- 3. FMC Pembroke assumes the in-center patient population utilizing the facility who reside in Robeson County will increase at the rate of 5.7 percent per year. On page 17, the applicant states, "BMA assumes the patient population of FMC Pembroke, residing within Robeson County will continue to increase at the Robeson County Five Year Average Annual Change Rate."

Projected Utilization

The applicant's methodology is illustrated in the following table.

| | In-Center |
|---|---------------------------------------|
| The applicant begins with the facility census of Robeson County in-center | 54 |
| residents as of June 30, 2016. | |
| The census of Robeson County in- center patients is increased by 5.7% to project the census forward six months to December 31, 2016. | [54 X (0.057 / 12 X 6)] + 54 = 55.5 |
| The census of Robeson County in- center patients is increased by 5.7% to project the census forward one year to December 31, 2017. | (55.5 X 0.057) + 55.5 = 58.7 |
| The census of Robeson County in- center patients is increased by 5.7% to project the census forward one year to December 31, 2018. | (58.7 X 0.057) + 58.7 = 62.1 |
| The census of Robeson County in- center patients is increased by 5.7% to project the census forward one year to December 31, 2019. This is the projected ending census for Operating Year 1. | (62.1 X 0.057) + 62.1 = 65.6 |
| The census of Robeson County in- center patients is increased by 5.7% to project the census forward one year to December 31, 2020. This is the projected ending census for Operating Year 2. | (65.6 X 0.057) + 65.6 = 69.3 |

The applicant projects to serve 65 in-center patients or 3.4 patients per station per week (65/19 = 3.4) by the end of Operating Year 1 and 69 in-center patients or 3.6 patients per station per week (69/19 = 3.6) by the end of Operating Year 2 for the proposed 19-station facility. This exceeds the minimum of 3.2 patients per station per week as of the end of the first operating year as required by 10A NCAC 14C .2203(b). The July 2016 SDR indicates that FMC Pembroke operated at a utilization rate of 93.3 percent (3.7 patients per station) as

of December 31, 2015. Based on data reported in the SDR, during the period from June 30, 2015 to December 31, 2015, the in-center census at FMC Pembroke increased from 53 to 56 patients, which is an annual rate of growth of 11.3 percent. In this application, the applicant assumes a projected annual rate of growth of 5.7 percent for the in-center patient census at FMC Pembroke, which is equal to the Robeson County Five Year Average Annual Change Rate (2011-2015) of 5.7 percent, and lower than the applicant's recent historical experience. Projected utilization is based on reasonable and adequately supported assumptions regarding continued growth.

Access

In Section L.1(a), pages 49-50, the applicant states that each of BMA's 105 facilities in 42 North Carolina counties has a patient population which includes low-income, racial and ethnic minorities, women, handicapped, elderly, and other underserved persons. In Section L.7, page 53, the applicant reports that 92% of the in-center patients who received treatments at FMC Pembroke had some or all of their services paid for by Medicare or Medicaid in CY2015. In Section L.1(b), page 50, the applicant projects 89% of its patients will be Medicare or Medicaid recipients. The applicant adequately demonstrates the extent to which all residents of the service area, including underserved groups, are likely to have access to its services.

Conclusion

In summary, the applicant adequately identifies the population to be served, demonstrates the need the population has for four additional stations at FMC Pembroke, and demonstrates the extent to which all residents of the area, including underserved groups, are likely to have access to the services proposed. Therefore, the application is conforming to this criterion.

(3a) In the case of a reduction or elimination of a service, including the relocation of a facility or a service, the applicant shall demonstrate that the needs of the population presently served will be met adequately by the proposed relocation or by alternative arrangements, and the effect of the reduction, elimination or relocation of the service on the ability of low income persons, racial and ethnic minorities, women, handicapped persons, and other underserved groups and the elderly to obtain needed health care.

NA

(4) Where alternative methods of meeting the needs for the proposed project exist, the applicant shall demonstrate that the least costly or most effective alternative has been proposed.

CA

In Section E.1, page 24, the applicant describes the alternatives considered prior to submitting this application for the proposed project, which include:

• Maintain the Status Quo –The applicant states that maintaining the status quo is not an effective alternative due to the fact that FMC Pembroke would not have adequate capacity to accept patient admissions.

- Apply for Fewer Than Four Stations The applicant states it considered applying for fewer than four stations but rejected the alternative because the facility's utilization already exceeds 80 percent of capacity.
- Relocate Stations from an Existing BMA Facility The applicant states it considered relocating stations from an existing BMA facility, FMC Robeson County, but rejected that alternative because BMA continues to expect the utilization of that facility to increase.

After considering those alternatives, the applicant states the alternative represented in the application is the most effective alternative to meet the identified need.

Furthermore, the application is conforming to all other statutory and regulatory review criteria, and thus, is approvable. A project that cannot be approved cannot be an effective alternative.

In summary, the applicant adequately demonstrates that the proposal is the least costly or most effective alternative to meet the identified need. Therefore, the application is conforming to this criterion and approved subject to the following conditions.

- 1. Bio-Medical Applications of North Carolina, Inc. d/b/a FMC Pembroke shall materially comply with all representations made in the certificate of need application.
- 2. Bio-Medical Applications of North Carolina, Inc. d/b/a FMC Pembroke shall develop and operate no more than four additional dialysis stations for a total of no more than 19 certified stations upon completion of this project, which shall include any isolation or home hemodialysis stations.
- 3. Bio-Medical Applications of North Carolina, Inc. d/b/a FMC Pembroke shall acknowledge acceptance of and agree to comply with all conditions stated herein to the Healthcare Planning and Certificate of Need Section in writing prior to issuance of the certificate of need.
- (5) Financial and operational projections for the project shall demonstrate the availability of funds for capital and operating needs as well as the immediate and long-term financial feasibility of the proposal, based upon reasonable projections of the costs of and charges for providing health services by the person proposing the service.

С

In Section F.1, page 26, the applicant states that it will incur \$293,082 in capital costs to develop this project. In Sections F.10-F.12, page 29, the applicant states there will be no start-up expenses or initial operating expenses incurred for this project.

Availability of Funds

In Section F.2, page 27, the applicant states it will finance the capital costs with accumulated reserves. Exhibit F-1 contains a letter dated September 15, 2016 from the Senior Vice President & Treasurer for Fresenius Medical Care Holdings, Inc. (FMCH), the parent company for the applicant, which states the applicant has adequate funds for the capital and working capital costs for the proposed project. Exhibit F-2 contains the Consolidated Financial Statements for FMCH which indicates that it had \$249 million in cash and cash equivalents as of December 31, 2015. The applicant adequately demonstrates the availability of sufficient funds for the capital needs of the project.

Financial Feasibility

The applicant provided pro forma financial statements for the first two years of the project. In the pro forma financial statement (Form B), the applicant projects that revenues will exceed operating expenses in the first two operating years of the project, as shown in the table below.

| | CY2019 | CY2020 |
|----------------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| | Operating Year 1 | Operating Year 2 |
| Total Treatments | 9,336 | 9,929 |
| Total Gross Revenues (Charges) | \$37,196,806 | \$39,559,457 |
| Total Net Revenue | \$2,521,892 | \$2,682,077 |
| Total Operating Expenses (Costs) | \$2,436,515 | \$2,559,335 |
| Net Income | \$85,378 | \$122,742 |

The assumptions used by the applicant in preparation of the pro forma financial statements are reasonable, including projected utilization, costs and charges. See the financial section of the application for the assumptions used regarding costs and charges. The discussion regarding projected utilization found in Criterion (3) is incorporated herein by reference. The applicant adequately demonstrates sufficient funds for the operating needs of the proposal and that the financial feasibility of the proposal is based upon reasonable projections of costs and charges.

Conclusion

In summary, the applicant adequately demonstrates that the financial feasibility of the proposal is based upon reasonable and adequately supported assumptions regarding projected utilization, revenues (charges) and operating costs. Therefore, the application is conforming to this criterion.

(6) The applicant shall demonstrate that the proposed project will not result in unnecessary duplication of existing or approved health service capabilities or facilities.

The applicant, FMC Pembroke, proposes to add four dialysis stations for a total of 19 certified dialysis stations.

On page 369, the 2016 SMFP defines the service area for dialysis stations as "the planning area in which the dialysis station is located. Except for the Cherokee-Clay-Graham Multicounty Planning Area and the Avery-Mitchell-Yancey Multicounty Planning Area, each of the 94 remaining counties is a separate dialysis station planning area." Thus, the service area is Robeson County. Facilities may serve residents of counties not included in their service area.

The applicant operates five dialysis centers in Robeson County. DaVita is the only other provider of dialysis services in Robeson County, and currently operates one dialysis center. The existing and approved Robeson County dialysis facilities are shown below:

| Dialysis Facility | Certified Stations 12/31/15 | CON Issued Not Certified | % Utilization | Patients Per Station |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|
| BMA of Red Springs | 12 | 3 | 102.08% | 4.1 |
| FMC Dialysis of Robeson County (BMA) | 23 | 0 | 73.91% | 3.0 |
| FMC Pembroke (BMA) | 15 | 4 | 93.33% | 3.7 |
| FMC St. Pauls (BMA) | 15 | 5 | 90.00% | 3.6 |
| Lumberton Dialysis (BMA) | 35 | 0 | 87.86% | 3.5 |
| St. Pauls Dialysis Center (DaVita)* | 10 | -10 | 50.00% | 2.0 |
| Maxton Dialysis (DaVita)* | 0 | 14 | NA | NA |

Existing and Approved Robeson County Dialysis Facilities

Source: July 2016 SDR, Table A.

*DaVita has been approved to relocate the 10 dialysis stations at St. Pauls Dialysis Center to a new facility, Maxton Dialysis (Project I.D. # N-10321-14).

As shown in the table above, four of the six Robeson County dialysis facilities are operating above 80% utilization (3.2 patients per station).

FMC Pembroke proposes to add four in-center dialysis stations for a total of 19 dialysis stations upon project completion. FMC Pembroke was serving 55 patients weekly on 15 stations, which is 3.7 patients per station or 93% of capacity, as of June 30, 2016. Dialysis facilities that operate four shifts per week (2 per day on alternate days) have a capacity of four patients per station. The applicant does not propose to establish a new facility. The applicant provides reasonable projections for the in-center patient population it proposes to serve on pages 17-18 of the application. The growth projections are based on a projected 5.7% average annual growth rate in the number of Robeson County dialysis patients at the FMC Pembroke facility. At the end of Operating Year Two, FMC Pembroke projects the utilization will be 3.6 in-center patients per station (69 patients / 19 dialysis stations = 3.6), which is 90% of capacity. The applicant adequately demonstrates the need to develop four additional dialysis stations at the existing facility based on the number of in-center patients it proposes to serve.

The applicant adequately demonstrates that the proposal will not result in the unnecessary duplication of existing or approved dialysis stations or facilities in Robeson County. Therefore, the application is conforming to this criterion.

(7) The applicant shall show evidence of the availability of resources, including health manpower and management personnel, for the provision of the services proposed to be provided.

С

In Section H.1, page 36, the applicant provides the current staffing for the facility, which includes 11.27 full-time equivalent (FTE) employees. The applicant states that 2.84 FTE staff are projected to be added to the proposed staffing for the facility following completion of the project, for a total of 14.11 FTEs. In Section H.3, page 37, the applicant describes its experience and process for recruiting and retaining staff, and states that it does not anticipate difficulties in hiring the required staff for this project. Exhibit I-5 contains a copy of a letter from William Buchanan, M.D., expressing his interest in continuing to serve as the Medical Director for the facility. The applicant adequately demonstrates the availability of sufficient health manpower and management personnel to provide the proposed services. Therefore, the application is conforming to this criterion.

(8) The applicant shall demonstrate that the provider of the proposed services will make available, or otherwise make arrangements for, the provision of the necessary ancillary and support services. The applicant shall also demonstrate that the proposed service will be coordinated with the existing health care system.

С

In Section I.1, page 39, the applicant includes a list of providers of the necessary ancillary and support services. Exhibit I-5 contains a letter from the medical director of the facility expressing his support for the proposed project. The applicant adequately demonstrates that the necessary ancillary and support services will be available and that the proposed services will be coordinated with the existing health care system. Therefore, the application is conforming to this criterion.

(9) An applicant proposing to provide a substantial portion of the project's services to individuals not residing in the health service area in which the project is located, or in adjacent health service areas, shall document the special needs and circumstances that warrant service to these individuals.

NA

(10) When applicable, the applicant shall show that the special needs of health maintenance organizations will be fulfilled by the project. Specifically, the applicant shall show that the project accommodates: (a) The needs of enrolled members and reasonably anticipated new members of the HMO for the health service to be provided by the organization; and (b) The availability of new health services from non-HMO providers or other HMOs in a reasonable

and cost-effective manner which is consistent with the basic method of operation of the HMO. In assessing the availability of these health services from these providers, the applicant shall consider only whether the services from these providers:

- (i) would be available under a contract of at least 5 years duration;
- (ii) would be available and conveniently accessible through physicians and other health professionals associated with the HMO;
- (iii) would cost no more than if the services were provided by the HMO; and
- (iv) would be available in a manner which is administratively feasible to the HMO.

NA

- (11) Repealed effective July 1, 1987.
- (12) Applications involving construction shall demonstrate that the cost, design, and means of construction proposed represent the most reasonable alternative, and that the construction project will not unduly increase the costs of providing health services by the person proposing the construction project or the costs and charges to the public of providing health services by other persons, and that applicable energy saving features have been incorporated into the construction plans.

NA

- (13) The applicant shall demonstrate the contribution of the proposed service in meeting the health-related needs of the elderly and of members of medically underserved groups, such as medically indigent or low income persons, Medicaid and Medicare recipients, racial and ethnic minorities, women, and handicapped persons, which have traditionally experienced difficulties in obtaining equal access to the proposed services, particularly those needs identified in the State Health Plan as deserving of priority. For the purpose of determining the extent to which the proposed service will be accessible, the applicant shall show:
 - (a) The extent to which medically underserved populations currently use the applicant's existing services in comparison to the percentage of the population in the applicant's service area which is medically underserved;

С

In Section L.7, page 53, the applicant reports that 92% of the patients who received treatments at FMC Pembroke had some or all of their services paid for by Medicare or Medicaid in CY2015. The table below shows the historical (CY2015) payment source for the facility:

| Payment Source | Total Patients by Percent of Total |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Commercial Insurance | 5.54% |
| Medicare | 82.54% |
| Medicaid | 2.27% |
| VA | 2.53% |
| Medicare/Commercial Insurance | 7.11% |
| Total | 100.00% |

The United States Census Bureau provides demographic data for North Carolina and all counties in North Carolina. The following table contains relevant demographic statistics for the applicant's service area.

| Percent of Population | | | | | | |
|-----------------------|-------|----------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|
| County | % 65+ | % Female | % Racial & Ethnic Minority* | % Persons in Poverty** | % < Age 65 with a Disability | % < Age 65 without Health Insurance** |
| Robeson | 13% | 52% | 73% | 33% | 13% | 25% |
| Statewide | 15% | 51% | 36% | 17% | 10% | 15% |

Source: http://www.census.gov/quickfacts/table, 2014 Estimate as of December 22, 2015.

*Excludes "White alone" who are "not Hispanic or Latino"

**"This geographic level of poverty and health estimates are not comparable to other geographic levels of these estimates. Some estimates presented here come from sample data, and thus have sampling errors that may render some apparent differences between geographies statistically indistinguishable...The vintage year (e.g., V2015) refers to the final year of the series (2010 thru 2015). Different vintage years of estimates are not comparable."

The *Southeastern Kidney Council Network 6 Inc. Annual Report* provides prevalence data on North Carolina dialysis patients by age, race, and gender on page 59, summarized as follows:

| Number and Percent of Dialysis Patients by Age, Race, and Gender 2014 | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | # of ESRD Patients | % of Dialysis Population | | | | | |
| Age | Age | | | | | | |
| 0-19 | 52 | 0.3% | | | | | |
| 20-34 | 770 | 4.8% | | | | | |
| 35-44 | 1,547 | 9.7% | | | | | |
| 45-54 | 2,853 | 17.8% | | | | | |
| 55-64 | 4,175 | 26.1% | | | | | |
| 65+ | 6,601 | 41.3% | | | | | |
| Gender | Gender | | | | | | |
| Female | 7,064 | 44.2% | | | | | |
| Male | 8,934 | 55.8% | | | | | |
| Race | | | | | | | |
| African-American | 9,855 | 61.6% | | | | | |
| White | 5,778 | 36.1% | | | | | |
| Other, inc. not specified | 365 | 2.3% | | | | | |

Source: http://www.esrdnetwork6.org/utils/pdf/annual-report/2014%20Network%206%20Annual%20Report.pdf

In 2014, over 85% of dialysis patients in North Carolina were 45 years of age and older and over 63% were non-Caucasian. (*Southeastern Kidney Council Network 6 Inc. 2014 Annual Report, page 59*).

The applicant adequately demonstrates that it currently provides access to medically underserved populations. Therefore, the application is conforming to this criterion.

(b) Its past performance in meeting its obligation, if any, under any applicable regulations requiring provision of uncompensated care, community service, or access by minorities and handicapped persons to programs receiving federal assistance, including the existence of any civil rights access complaints against the applicant;

С

In Section L.3, page 51, the applicant states:

"BMA of North Carolina facilities do not have any obligation to provide uncompensated care or community service under any federal regulations. ... The applicant will treat all patients the same regardless of race or handicap status."

In Section L.6, page 52, the applicant states there have been no civil rights access complaints filed within the last five years. Therefore, the application is conforming to this criterion.

(c) That the elderly and the medically underserved groups identified in this subdivision will be served by the applicant's proposed services and the extent to which each of these groups is expected to utilize the proposed services; and

С

In Section L.1(b), page 50, the applicant projects that 91% of the in-center patients who will receive treatments at FMC Pembroke in the second operating year (CY2019) will have some or all of their services paid for by Medicare or Medicaid. The table below shows the projected Year 2 payment source for the facility for incenter patients:

| Payment Source | In-Center Patients by Percent of Total |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Private Pay | 0.90% |
| Commercial Insurance | 7.24% |
| Medicare | 79.05% |
| Medicaid | 2.40% |
| VA | 3.39% |
| Medicare/Commercial Insurance | 7.84% |
| Total | 100.00% |

In Section L.1, pages 49-50, the applicant provides the assumptions used to project payer mix. The applicant's projected payment sources are consistent with the facility's historical (CY2015) payment sources as reported by the applicant in Section L.7, page 53. The applicant adequately demonstrated that medically underserved groups will have access to the services offered at FMC Pembroke. Therefore, the application is conforming to this criterion.

(d) That the applicant offers a range of means by which a person will have access to its services. Examples of a range of means are outpatient services, admission by house staff, and admission by personal physicians.

С

In Section L.4, page 52, the applicant describes the range of means by which a person will have access to the dialysis services at FMC Pembroke, including referrals from nephrologists, other physicians, or hospital emergency rooms. The applicant adequately demonstrates that the facility will offer a range of means by which patients will have access to dialysis services. Therefore, the application is conforming to this criterion.

(14) The applicant shall demonstrate that the proposed health services accommodate the clinical needs of health professional training programs in the area, as applicable.

С

In Section M.1, page 54, the applicant states that FMC Pembroke has established relationships with local community training programs, and the applicant will continue to offer the same opportunities to local health professional training programs. Exhibit M-1 contains a copy of correspondence to an area health professional training program expressing an interest on the part of the applicant to offer the facility as clinical training site. The information provided is reasonable and adequately supports a determination that the application is conforming to this criterion.

- (15) Repealed effective July 1, 1987.
- (16) Repealed effective July 1, 1987.
- (17) Repealed effective July 1, 1987.
- (18) Repealed effective July 1, 1987.
- (18a) The applicant shall demonstrate the expected effects of the proposed services on competition in the proposed service area, including how any enhanced competition will have a positive impact upon the cost effectiveness, quality, and access to the services proposed; and in the case of applications for services where competition between providers will not have a favorable impact on cost-effectiveness, quality, and access to the services proposed, the applicant shall demonstrate that its application is for a service on which competition will not have a favorable impact.

С

FMC Pembroke proposes to add four dialysis stations for a total of 19 certified dialysis stations.

On page 369, the 2016 SMFP defines the service area for dialysis stations as "the planning area in which the dialysis station is located. Except for the Cherokee-Clay-Graham Multicounty Planning Area and the Avery-Mitchell-Yancey Multicounty Planning Area, each of the 94 remaining counties is a separate dialysis station planning area." Thus, the service area is Robeson County. Facilities may serve residents of counties not included in their service area.

The applicant operates five dialysis centers in Robeson County. DaVita is the only other provider of dialysis services in Robeson County, and currently operates one dialysis center. The existing and approved Robeson County dialysis facilities are shown below:

| Dialysis Facility | Certified Stations 12/31/15 | CON Issued Not Certified | % Utilization | Patients Per Station |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|
| BMA of Red Springs | 12 | 3 | 102.08% | 4.1 |
| FMC Dialysis of Robeson County (BMA) | 23 | 0 | 73.91% | 3.0 |
| FMC Pembroke (BMA) | 15 | 4 | 93.33% | 3.7 |
| FMC St. Pauls (BMA) | 15 | 5 | 90.00% | 3.6 |
| Lumberton Dialysis (BMA) | 35 | 0 | 87.86% | 3.5 |
| St. Pauls Dialysis Center (DaVita)* | 10 | -10 | 50.00% | 2.0 |
| Maxton Dialysis (DaVita)* | 0 | 14 | NA | NA |

Existing and Approved Robeson County Dialysis Facilities

Source: July 2016 SDR, Table A.

*DaVita has been approved to relocate the 10 dialysis stations at St. Pauls Dialysis Center to a new facility, Maxton Dialysis (Project I.D. # N-10321-14).

As shown in the table above, four of the six Robeson County dialysis facilities are operating above 80% utilization (3.2 patients per station).

In Section N.1, page 55, the applicant discusses how any enhanced competition will have a positive impact on the cost-effectiveness, quality and access to the proposed services. The applicant states,

"BMA facilities are compelled to operate at maximum dollar efficiency as a result of fixed reimbursement rates from Medicare and Medicaid. The majority of our patients rely upon Medicare and Medicaid to cover the expense of their treatments. In this application, BMA projects that greater than 90% of the In-center patients will be relying upon government payors (Medicare/Medicaid/VA). The facility must capitalize upon every opportunity for efficiency.

BMA facilities have done an exceptional job of containing operating costs while continuing to provide outstanding care and treatment to patients. ... This proposal will certainly not adversely affect quality, but rather, enhance the quality of the ESRD patients' lives by offering another convenient venue for dialysis care and treatment."

See also Sections B, C, E, F, G, H and L where the applicant discusses the impact of the project on cost-effectiveness, quality and access.

The information in the application is reasonable and adequately demonstrates that any enhanced competition in the service area includes a positive impact on the cost-effectiveness, quality and access to the proposed services. This determination is based on the information in the application and the following analysis:

• The applicant adequately demonstrates the need for the project and that it is a costeffective alternative. The discussions regarding the analysis of need and alternatives found in Criteria (3) and (4), respectively, are incorporated herein by reference.

- The applicant adequately demonstrates it will provide quality services. The discussions regarding quality found in Criteria (1) and (20) are incorporated herein by reference.
- The applicant demonstrates that it will provide adequate access to medically underserved populations. The discussions regarding access found in Criteria (1) and (13) are incorporated herein by reference.

Therefore, the application is conforming to this criterion.

- (19) Repealed effective July 1, 1987.
- (20) An applicant already involved in the provision of health services shall provide evidence that quality care has been provided in the past.

С

In Exhibit A-4, the applicant identifies the kidney disease treatment centers located in North Carolina owned and operated by the applicant or an affiliated company. In Section O.3, pages 58-61, the applicant identifies three of its 105 Fresenius affiliated North Carolina facilities, BMA Lumberton, BMA East Charlotte, and RAI West College-Warsaw, as having been cited in the past 18 months for deficiencies in compliance with 42 CFR Part 494, the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid (CMS) Conditions for Coverage of ESRD facilities. The applicant states that the facilities are back in full compliance with CMS Guidelines as of the date of submission of this application. Based on a review of the certificate of need application and publicly available data, the applicant adequately demonstrates that it has provided quality care during the 18 months immediately preceding the submittal of the application through the date of the decision. The application is conforming to this criterion.

- (21) Repealed effective July 1, 1987.
- (b) The Department is authorized to adopt rules for the review of particular types of applications that will be used in addition to those criteria outlined in subsection (a) of this section and may vary according to the purpose for which a particular review is being conducted or the type of health service reviewed. No such rule adopted by the Department shall require an academic medical center teaching hospital, as defined by the State Medical Facilities Plan, to demonstrate that any facility or service at another hospital is being appropriately utilized in order for that academic medical center teaching hospital to be approved for the issuance of a certificate of need to develop any similar facility or service.

С

The application is conforming with all applicable Criteria and Standards for End Stage Renal Disease Services promulgated in 10A NCAC 14C .2200. The specific criteria are discussed below:

10 NCAC 14C .2203 PERFORMANCE STANDARDS

- .2203(a) An applicant proposing to establish a new End Stage Renal Disease facility shall document the need for at least 10 stations based on utilization of 3.2 patients per station per week as of the end of the first operating year of the facility, with the exception that the performance standard shall be waived for a need in the State Medical Facilities Plan that is based on an adjusted need determination.
- -NA- FMC Pembroke is an existing facility.
- .2203(b) An applicant proposing to increase the number of dialysis stations in an existing End Stage Renal Disease facility or one that was not operational prior to the beginning of the review period but which had been issued a certificate of need shall document the need for the additional stations based on utilization of 3.2 patients per station per week as of the end of the first operating year of the additional stations.
- -C- In Section C.1, page 17, the applicant projects to serve 65 in-center patients by the end of Operating Year 1, which is 3.4 patients per station (65 / 19 = 3.4). The discussion regarding projected utilization found in Criterion (3) is incorporated herein by reference.
- .2203(c) An applicant shall provide all assumptions, including the methodology by which patient utilization is projected.
- -C- In Section C.1, pages 17-18, the applicant provides the assumptions and methodology used to project utilization of the facility. The discussion regarding projected utilization found in Criterion (3) is incorporated herein by reference.