# ATTACHMENT - REQUIRED STATE AGENCY FINDINGS

FINDINGS
C = Conforming
CA = Conditional

NC = Nonconforming NA = Not Applicable

DECISION DATE: June 14, 2013

PROJECT ANALYST: Bernetta Thorne-Williams

SECTION CHIEF: Craig R. Smith

PROJECT I.D. NUMBER: F-10091-13 / Bio-Medical Applications of North Carolina, Inc.

d/b/a BMA North Charlotte / Add three dialysis stations and establish a home training program for a total of 30 stations

upon project completion / Mecklenburg County

### REVIEW CRITERIA FOR NEW INSTITUTIONAL HEALTH SERVICES

G.S. 131E-183(a) The Department shall review all applications utilizing the criteria outlined in this subsection and shall determine that an application is either consistent with or not in conflict with these criteria before a certificate of need for the proposed project shall be issued.

(1) The proposed project shall be consistent with applicable policies and need determinations in the State Medical Facilities Plan, the need determination of which constitutes a determinative limitation on the provision of any health service, health service facility, health service facility beds, dialysis stations, operating rooms, or home health offices that may be approved.

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Bio-Medical Applications of North Carolina, Inc. d/b/a BMA North Charlotte whose parent company is Fresenius Medical Care Holdings Inc., (FMC), proposes to add three dialysis stations, one of which will be used for in-center hemo-dialysis and two will be used for home hemo-dialysis, to its existing facility for a total of 30 certified dialysis stations upon completion of the proposed project. The 2013 State Medical Facilities Plan (2013 SMFP) provides a county need methodology and a facility need methodology for determining the need for new dialysis stations. According to the January 2013 Semiannual Dialysis Report (SDR), the county need methodology shows there is a deficit of 6 dialysis stations in Mecklenburg County. The applicant is eligible to apply for additional stations in its existing facility based on the application of the facility need methodology because the utilization rate reported for BMA North Charlotte in the January 2013 SDR is 3.4 patients per station. This utilization rate was calculated based on 93 in-center dialysis patients and 27 certified dialysis stations (93 patients / 27 stations = 3.44 patients per station).

Application of the facility need methodology indicates additional stations are needed for this facility, as illustrated in the following table.

Required SDR	Utilization	80%	
Center Utilization	Center Utilization Rate as of 6/30/12		
Certified			
Stations		27	
Pending			
Stations		0	
Total Existing	and Pending Stations	27	
In-Center Patier	nts as of 6/30/12 (SDR2)	93	
In-Center Patier	nts as of 12/31/11 (SDR1)	90	
Step	Description	Result	
	Difference (SDR2 - SDR1)	3	
(i)	Multiply the difference by 2 for the projected net in-center change	6	
	Divide the projected net in-center change for 1 year by the number of in-center patients as of 12/31/11	0.0667	
(ii)	Divide the result of step (i) by 12	0.0056	
(iii)	Multiply the result of step (ii) by 6 (the number of months from 6/30/12 until 12/31/12)	0.0333	
(iv)	Multiply the result of step (iii) by the number of in-center patients reported in SDR2 and add the product to the number of in-center patients reported in SDR2	96.1000	
(v)	Divide the result of step (iv) by 3.2 patients per station	30.0313	
	and subtract the number of certified and pending stations as recorded in SDR2 [# of stations] to determine the number of stations needed	3	

As shown in the table above, based on the facility need methodology for dialysis stations, the potential number of stations needed is three stations. Step (C) of the facility need methodology states "The facility may apply to expand to meet the need established ..., up to a maximum of ten stations." The applicant proposes to add three new stations and, therefore, is consistent with the facility need determination for dialysis stations.

Policy GEN-3: Basic Principles, pages 42-43 of the 2013 SMFP is applicable to this review. Policy GEN-3 states:

"A certificate of need applicant applying to develop or offer a new institutional health service for which there is a need determination in the North Carolina State Medical Facilities Plan shall demonstrate how the project will promote safety and quality in the delivery of health care services while promoting equitable access and maximizing healthcare value for resources expended. A certificate of need applicant shall document its plans for providing access to services for patients with limited financial resources and demonstrate the availability of capacity to provide these services. A certificate of need applicant shall also document how its projected volumes incorporate these concepts in meeting the need identified in the State Medical Facilities Plan as well as addressing the needs of all residents in the proposed service area."

# **Promote Safety and Quality**

In Section I.13, pages 4-9, the applicant discusses the quality of services provided at BMA North Charlotte. The applicant states that its success in providing quality services stems from its corporate structure, specifically its Clinical Services, Technical Services, Regulatory Affairs and Law Departments, as well as other management resources as discussed briefly below.

# Clinical Services

- Serves as a clinical resource for the entire FMC network;
- Provides facilities with the best procedures and equipment available;
- Assists facility managers and medical personnel with questions and concerns on clinical operations; and
- Provides ongoing Clinical Review Program, guidelines for comprehensive training, and Quality Assurance Program with a full range of services to support home care.

### Technical Services

- Oversees the technical and mechanical aspects of dialysis; and
- Supported by a research and quality control team that leads the industry in dealing with technically complex issues facing dialysis providers.

# Regulatory Affairs and Law

- Skilled to deal with legal and regulatory issues; and
- Provides interpretation of legislation and government policy to ensure compliance

### Other Management Resources include, but are not limited to:

- Revenue Operations draws experience through interaction with numerous Medicare intermediaries and third-party carriers;
- Accounting and Budgeting tailored to ensure effective financial management of dialysis treatment centers;
- Facility Design and Maintenance experienced architectural staff promotes development of efficiently designed facilities;
- Human Resources develops productivity standards, job descriptions, staff performance review, personnel policies and procedures and employee relations;
- Information Systems develops comprehensive facility automation including enhanced software for clinical management to support delivery of high quality care;
- Marketing and Managed Care competitive analysis and continuous development of dialysis services;
- Health, Safety and Risk Management provides regulatory information used to ensure compliance in the dialysis setting and provides risk management services; and
- Regional Vice Presidents provide operational direction and monitoring of daily operations

The applicant also credits its quality services to quality staffing and staff training. In Section II.3, page 28, the applicant states that each new employee is required to complete an eight-

week training program. Staff are trained in the clinical aspects of their job, facility and corporate policies and procedures, safety precautions, regulations, and CPR. The applicant further states that training is continually updated by the In-Service Instructor and Director of Nursing.

In Section II.1, page 24, the applicant states:

"BMA is a high quality health care provider. ... BMA's parent company, Fresenius Medical Care, encourages all BMA facilities to attain the FMC 'UltraCare' certification. This is not a one time test, but rather is an ongoing process aimed at encouraging all staff, vendors, physicians, and even patients to be a part of the quality care program. Facilities are evaluated annually for 'UltraCare' certification."

See Exhibit 13 for a copy BMA's Continuous Quality Improvement Plan. In Section II.3, page 31, the applicant states:

"BMA North Charlotte will have a well-defined Quality Improvement program whose purpose is to establish an outcome focused review and evaluation of the quality, safety and effectiveness of patient care. The program's work is conducted by the Continuous Quality Improvement Team and coordinated by the Clinical Manager and the Regional Quality Manager. The primary method of review is patient care audits and monitoring of critical patient indicators. Audits will be conducted monthly and results presented to the Quality Improvement Team for evaluation and recommendation. Other audits include Patient Satisfaction Surveys and chart audits. ..."

The applicant adequately demonstrates that the proposal will promote safety and quality care at BMA North Charlotte.

### **Promote Equitable Access**

In Section II.1, pages 25-26, the applicant states:

"BMA has removed the economic barriers with regard to access to treatment. The overwhelming majority of dialysis treatments are covered by Medicare / Medicaid; in fact, within this application, BMA is projecting that 87.1% of the In-Center dialysis treatments will be covered by Medicare or Medicaid; an additional 2% are expected to be covered by VA. Thus 89.1% of the In-Center revenue is derived from government payors.

. . .

BMA is also keenly sensitive to the second element of "equitable access" – time and distance barriers. At this time, Mecklenburg County has 14 operational dialysis facilities and two facilities CON approved and at various stages of development. The January 2013 SDR reports that Mecklenburg County has the largest ESRD patient population in North Carolina and that population is growing at an Average Annual Change Rate of

5.6%. As the dialysis patient population of Mecklenburg County continues to increase, the need for dialysis stations will continue to increase. ... BMA has sought to develop new facilities and new dialysis stations in an effort to make dialysis convenient to the patient. This application to add three stations to BMA North Charlotte is another example of BMA [sic] efforts to meet the needs of the ESRD patient of Mecklenburg County."

In Section II.1, page 26, the applicant states:

"BMA has a long history of providing dialysis services to all segments of the population, regardless of race, ethnicity, Medicaid and Medicare recipients, gender, or other considerations. A patient in need of dialysis is always welcomed at a BMA facility; the only requirement is proper referral from a physician.

BMA North Charlotte patient census is comprised of the following demographics:

Facility	Medicaid/Lo w	Elderly	Medicare	Women	Racial
	Income	(65+)			Minorities
BMA North Charlotte	60%	23.0%	77.0%	43.0%	85.0%

BMA is not expecting any significant change to the above patient population."

The applicant adequately demonstrates that the proposal will promote equitable access.

# **Maximize Healthcare Value**

In Section II.1, page 25, the applicant states:

"BMA is projecting a capital expenditure of \$269,229 to complete this project. BMA is not seeking State or Federal monies to develop the CON application or the additional station [sic] at the facility. BMA is not seeking charitable contributions. Rather, BMA, through its parent company, FMC is taking on the burden to complete this addition of stations in an effort to bring dialysis treatment close to the patient homes. ... BMA notes that the overwhelming majority of dialysis treatments are reimbursed through Medicare, Medicaid, or other government payor sources. ... The point here is that government payors are working from a fixed payment schedule, often at significantly lower reimbursement rates than the posted charges. As a consequence, BMA must work diligently to control costs of delivery for dialysis. BMA does."

The applicant adequately demonstrates that the proposal will maximize healthcare value.

The applicant adequately demonstrates the proposal will incorporate the basic principles of Policy GEN 3. The application is also consistent with the facility need determination in the 2013 SMFP and is therefore conforming to this criterion.

(2) Repealed effective July 1, 1987.

(3) The applicant shall identify the population to be served by the proposed project, and shall demonstrate the need that this population has for the services proposed, and the extent to which all residents of the area, and, in particular, low income persons, racial and ethnic minorities, women, handicapped persons, the elderly, and other underserved groups are likely to have access to the services proposed.

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The applicant, Bio-Medical Applications of North Carolina, Inc. d/b/a BMA North Charlotte proposes to add three dialysis stations, one of which will be used for in-center hemo-diaylsis and two will be used for home hemo-dialysis, to its existing facility for a total of 30 certified stations upon project completion. In Section I.8, page 2, the applicant states that BMA North Charlotte plans to offer home training and support for both Peritoneal Dialysis (PD) and home hemo-dialysis (HH) training and support.

# **Population to be Served**

In Section IV.1, page 41, the applicant identifies the population it served, as of December 31, 2012, as illustrated in the table below.

BMA North Charlotte Current Patient Origin						
In-center Percent COUNTY Patients of Total						
Mecklenburg	97	97%				
Cabarrus	2	2%				
Gaston	1	1%				
Total	100	100.0%				

In Section III.7, page 39, the applicant identifies the patient population it proposes to serve for the first two years of operation following project completion, as illustrated in the following table.

COUNTY	Operating Year 1			Operating Year 2			County Patients as a Percent of Total	
	In-	PD	HH	In-	PD	HH	Year 1	Year 2
	Center			Center				
Mecklenburg	110.2	2.0	2.0	112.4	4.1	4.1	97.3%	97.4%
Cabarrus	2			2			1.7%	97.6%
Gaston	1			1			0.9%	0.8%
TOTAL	113.2	2	2	115.4	4.1	4.1	100.0%	100.0%

Note: Due to rounding the applicant's number were slightly off and have been adjusted in the table above. Those adjustments include: County Pts. as a % Year 1 for Mecklenburg County, as reported on page 15, is 97.4% [110.2 / 113.2 = 0.9734 or 97.3%], as reflected in the table above. County Pts. as a % Year 2 for Mecklenburg County, as reported on page 15, is 97.6% [112.4 / 115.4 = 0.9740 or 97.4%], as reflected in the table above. County Pts. as a % Year 2 for Cabarrus County, as reported on page 15 is 1.6% [2 / 115.4 = 0.0173 or 1.7%].

The applicant adequately identifies the population to be served.

# **Need Analysis**

In Section III, page 36, the applicant states the application is filed pursuant to the Facility Need Methodology. The applicant utilizes data from the January 2013 SDR and proposes to add three dialysis stations to BMA North Charlotte for a total of 30 stations upon project completion.

In Section III.7, page 37, the applicant provides the following assumptions for the proposed project:

- 1. The January 2013 SDR reports that BMA North Charlotte was operating at 86.11% capacity with a census of 93 patients dialyzing on 27 certified dialysis stations as of June 30, 2012.
- 2. BMA assumes that the patient population of BMA North Charlotte will continue to increase at a rate commensurate with the Mecklenburg County Five Year Average Annual Change Rate as published in the January 2013 SDR. That rate is 5.6%.
- 3. At the present time, BMA North Charlotte is serving three patients from other counties. BMA will not demonstrate growth of this patient population. However, BMA does assume that these patients will continue to dialyze at BMA North Charlotte as a function of patient choice. These three patients will be added to [sic] the facility census at appropriate points in time.
- 4. BMA projects four patients per year to change modality to home dialysis. Two patients will being [sic] the PD modality and two patients will begin home hemodialysis. These four patients will be subtracted from the facility in-center census each year, and added to the home patient census. BMA assumes that all four patients changing modality will be Mecklenburg County residents.

5. This project is scheduled to be completed December 31, 2014

Operating Year 1 is the period from January 1 – December 31, 2015 Operating Year 2 is the period from January 1 – December 31, 2016"

In Section III.7, pages 37-38, the applicant provides the following methodology for the proposed project:

"The next table represents BMA calculations of future patient population at BMA North Charlotte.

BMA North Charlotte	In-Center
BMA begins with facility census of Mecklenburg	
County patients as of December 31, 2012.	97
The census is increased by the Mecklenburg County	
Five Year Average Annual Change Rate for one year	$(97 \times 0.056) + 97 = 102.4$
to December 31, 2013.	,
The census is increased by the Mecklenburg County	
Five Year Average Annual Change Rate for one year	$(102.4 \times .056) + 102.4 = 108.2$
to December 31, 2014.	
BMA adds the three patients from other counties.	
This is the projected beginning census for this	108.2 + 3 = 111.2
project, December 31, 2014.	
BMA projects the Mecklenburg County patient	
population forward for one year to December 31,	$(108.2 \times .056) + 108.2 = 114.2$
2015.	
BMA adds the three patients from other counties.	114.2 + 3 = 117.2
BMA subtracts four patients projected to change	
modality and begin home dialysis as discussed in the	
assumptions. This is the ending in-center census for	117.2 - 4 = 113.2
Operating Year 1. BMA assumes all four patients	
changing modality to be Mecklenburg County	
residents.	
BMA projects the Mecklenburg County patient	
population forward one year to December 31, 2016.	$(110.2 \times .056) + 110.2 = 116.4$
BMA adds the three patients from other counties.	116.4 + 3 = 119.4
BMA subtracts four patients projected to change	
modality and begin home dialysis as discussed in the	119.4 - 4 = 115.4
assumptions. This is the end of Operating Year 2.	

..

# Home Dialysis

... BMA assumes that four patients per year will change modality from traditional incenter dialysis to home dialysis. ... [T]he home patient population of North Carolina is increasing. BMA projects a small number of patients in an effort to provide conservative projections of patients to be served and resultant financials."

The applicant projects to serve 113 in-center patients or 3.7 patients per station (113 / 30 = 3.76) by the end of Year 1 (12/31/15) and 115 in-center patients or 3.8 patients per station (115 / 30 = 3.8) by the end of Year 2 (12/31/16) for the proposed 30 stations facility. This exceeds the minimum of 3.2 patients per station per week as of the end of the first operating year required by 10A NCAC 14C .2203(b). Projected utilization is based on reasonable and supported assumptions regarding continued growth.

# **Access to Services**

In Section VI, page 49, the applicant states that BMA currently operates 93 facilities in 40 North Carolina Counties which include low-income persons, racial and ethnic minorities, women, handicapped persons, elderly, or other traditionally underserved persons. The applicant projects that 82.9% of its in-center patients, 74% of its PD patients, and 12.9% of its HH patients will be covered by Medicare, Medicaid and VA. The applicant adequately demonstrates the need that this population has for the services proposed, and the extent to which all residents of the area, and, in particular, low income persons, racial and ethnic minorities, women, handicapped persons, the elderly, and other underserved groups are likely to have access to the services proposed.

In summary, the applicant adequately identifies the population to be served, demonstrates the need the population has for three additional stations which includes establishing a home training program to offer both Peritoneal Dialysis and home hemo-dialysis training and support and the extent to which all residents of the area are likely to have access to the services proposed. Therefore, the application is conforming to this criterion.

(3a) In the case of a reduction or elimination of a service, including the relocation of a facility or a service, the applicant shall demonstrate that the needs of the population presently served will be met adequately by the proposed relocation or by alternative arrangements, and the effect of the reduction, elimination or relocation of the service on the ability of low income persons, racial and ethnic minorities, women, handicapped persons, and other underserved groups and the elderly to obtain needed health care.

NA

(4) Where alternative methods of meeting the needs for the proposed project exist, the applicant shall demonstrate that the least costly or most effective alternative has been proposed.

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In Section III.9, pages 39-40, the applicant discusses the alternatives considered by BMA North Charlotte, which include:

- 1) Maintain the Status Quo Do Nothing. This alternative was not considered with the growing patient population and the need for a home training program at BMA North Charlotte.
- 2) Transfer of Patients to other facilities within Mecklenburg County This alternative was rejected because it removes the patient's choice.
- 3) Apply for fewer stations This alternative was dismissed as it did not allow for the growing patient population and would not fully address the needs of BMA North Charlotte and its patient population.
- 4) Add three stations The applicant concluded that the proposal of three additional dialysis stations, one of which will be used for in-center hemo-dialysis and two stations will be used for home hemo-dialysis, allowing BMA North Charlotte to develop a home training and support program. Thus, the applicant concluded that the project as proposed was its least costly and most effective alternative.

The applicant adequately demonstrates the need for three additional stations based on the continued growth of the ESRD patient population in Mecklenburg County, the need for a home training program and the facility's projected utilization. See Criterion (3) for discussion on need which is incorporated hereby as if fully set forth herein. The application is conforming to all other applicable statutory and regulatory review criteria, and thus is approvable.

In summary, the applicant adequately demonstrates that the proposal is its least costly or most effective alternative. Consequently, the application is conforming to this criterion and approved subject to the following conditions:

- 1. Bio-Medical Applications of North Carolina, Inc. d/b/a BMA North Charlotte shall materially comply with all representations made in the certificate of need application.
- 2. Bio-Medical Applications of North Carolina, Inc. d/b/a BMA North Charlotte shall develop and operate no more than three additional stations for a total of 30 certified, of which two stations will be used for home hemo-dialysis training following completion of this project.
- 3. Bio-Medical Applications of North Carolina, Inc. d/b/a BMA North Charlotte shall acknowledge acceptance of and agree to comply with all conditions stated herein to the Certificate of Need Section in writing prior to issuance of the certificate of need.
- (5) Financial and operational projections for the project shall demonstrate the availability of funds for capital and operating needs as well as the immediate and long-term financial feasibility of the proposal, based upon reasonable projections of the costs of and charges for providing health services by the person proposing the service.

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In Section VIII, page 59 the applicant projects the total capital cost of the project will be \$269,229 including \$195,360 for construction contract fees, \$36,750 for equipment/furniture fees, \$17,583 for architect/engineering fees, and \$19,536 for contingency. The applicant states in Section VIII, page 60 that the \$36,750 for equipment/furniture will be for the following items:

Equip	nent/Furniture Purchases	Cost
•	Office furniture	\$5,750
•	Patient chairs	\$2,500
•	Patient TV's	\$3,000
•	Telephone system	\$9,500
•	Other minor equipment	\$16,000

In Section IX, page 64, the applicant projects no initial start-up costs or initial operating expenses.

Exhibit 24 includes a letter dated March 15, 2012 from the Vice President of Fresenius Medical Care Holdings, Inc., which states in part:

"BMA proposes to add three dialysis stations to the BMA North Charlotte facility for a total of 30 dialysis stations. The project calls [sic] the following capital expenditures on behalf of BMA:

Capital Expenditure

\$ 269,229

As Vice President, I am authorized and do hereby authorize addition of three new dialysis stations for a total capital cost of \$269,229. ... ."

In Exhibit 10, the applicant provides the audited financial statements for Fresenius Medical Care Holdings, Inc. for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2011 and 2010. As of December 31, 2011, FMC had \$204,142,000 in cash and cash equivalents, \$13,864,539,000 in total assets and \$8,388,027,000 in net assets (total assets less total liabilities). The applicant adequately demonstrates the availability of funds for the capital and working capital needs of the project.

In Section X.1, page 65, the applicant provides the allowable charges per treatment for each payment source for BMA North Charlotte, as illustrated in the table below:

Payor	Allowable Charge Per In-center Treatment	Home PD	Home Hemo
Commercial Insurance	\$1,375.00	\$550.20	\$1,375.00
Medicare	\$234.00	\$234.00	\$234.00
Medicaid	\$137.29	\$137.29	\$137.29
VA	\$146.79	\$147.85	\$147.85
Private Pay	\$1,375.00	\$550.20	\$1,375.00

The applicant states that the commercial charge listed does not reflect actual reimbursement. In addition, the applicant states that BMA has "opted in" completely to Medicare's "bundling" reimbursement program, which provides one basic fee per dialysis treatment (\$234). This fee includes all ancillary services which were previously billed separately.

In Sections X.2-X.4, pages 66-71, the applicant projects revenues and operating expenses for BMA North Charlotte, as illustrated in the table below:

	Operating Year 1	Operating Year 2
Total Net Revenue	\$5,235,425	\$5,396,211
Total Operating Costs	\$4,749,260	\$4,954,064
Net Profit	\$486,165	\$442,147

The applicant projects that revenues will exceed operating expenses in each of the first two operating years. The assumptions used in preparation of the pro formas, including the number of projected treatments, are reasonable, credible and supported. See Section X, pages 65-72, for the applicant's assumptions.

The applicant adequately demonstrated that the financial feasibility of the proposal is based on reasonable and supported projections regarding revenues and operating expenses. Therefore, the application is conforming to this criterion.

(6) The applicant shall demonstrate that the proposed project will not result in unnecessary duplication of existing or approved health service capabilities or facilities.

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Bio-Medical Applications of North Carolina, Inc. d/b/a BMA North Charlotte proposes to add three dialysis stations to its existing facility for a total of 30 stations, two of which will be used for home hemo dialysis, upon project completion. According to the January 2013 North Carolina Semiannual Dialysis Report there are 16 ESRD facilities in Mecklenburg County, 14 of those facilities are operational and operating a total of 383 available stations. Of those facilities located in Mecklenburg County, 13 of those facilities (one facility is not currently operational) are located in Charlotte along with BMA North Charlotte for a total of 14 facilities in Charlotte that provide ESRD services. Those facilities are briefly discussed below:

Name of	# of Certified	# of Stations approved	# of In-center	Utilization by	Distance to
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facility	dialysis stations as of 6/30/12	per CON conditional approval*	patients	% as of 6/30/12	BMA North Charlotte
BMA of West					
Charlotte	27	2	99	91.67%	10.9 miles
BMA of Beatties Ford	32	0	118	92.19%	8.1 miles
Carolina's Medical	<u> </u>	Ů	110	72.17,0	0.11 111110
Center	9	0	27	75.00%	5.9 miles
DSI Charlotte					
Latrobe Dialysis	24	0	64	66.67%	5.5 miles
DSI Glenwater** Dialysis	34	8	119	102.59%	4.6 miles
South Charlotte					
Dialysis	17	3	64	94.12%	16.7 miles
Charlotte					
Dialysis***	34	0	111	86.72%	11.7 miles
Charlotte East Dialysis	16	4	75	117.19%	4.8 miles
North Charlotte					
Dialysis Center****	25	0	120	142.86%	9.8 miles
BMA of Charlotte	40	0	119	74.38%	6.5 miles
BMA of East					
Charlotte	24	0	76	79.17%	3.9 miles
BMA of Nations					
Ford*****	24	0	94	106.82%	18.6 miles
FMC of Southwest		10			
Charlotte		Stations Pending Decision			

Source: January 2013 SDR; Distance data source: Google Map

As illustrated in the table above, the closest facility to BMA North Charlotte is BMA East Charlotte at 3.9 miles driving distance and the facility furthest away is BMA of Nations Ford at 18.6 miles. All of the facilities listed above had a 74% or higher utilization rate with the exception of DSI Charlotte Latrobe Dialysis which had a utilization rate of 66.67%. Additionally, according to the US Census Bureau 2012 Population Estimates<sup>1</sup> Charlotte is ranked as the fastest growing city in North Carolina and the 17<sup>th</sup> ranked city nationally.

<sup>\*</sup>Includes CON issued/not certified stations data

<sup>\*\*</sup>As of 6/30/12 DSI Glenwater had 29 certified stations and its utilization was based on those 29 stations.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>As of 6/30/12 Charlotte Dialysis had 32 certified stations and its utilization was based on those 32 stations.

<sup>\*\*\*\*</sup>As of 6/30/12 North Charlotte Dialysis Center had 21 certified stations and its utilization was based on those 21 stations.

<sup>\*\*\*\*\*</sup>As of 6/30/12 BMA of Nations Ford had 22 certified stations and its utilization was based on those 22 stations.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>US Census Bureau News - 2012 Subcounty Population Estimates http://www.census.gov/popest/about/geo-topics.html

The January 2013 SDR identified a deficit of 6 dialysis stations in Mecklenburg County, however, the county need methodology requires that there be a deficit of at least 10 station and that all existing facilities operate at or above 80% capacity. The applicant is eligible to apply for additional stations in its existing facility based on the application of the facility need methodology because the utilization rate reported for BMA North Charlotte in the January 2013 SDR is 86.11% or 3.4 patients per station. This utilization rate was calculated based on 93 in-center dialysis patients and 27 certified dialysis stations (93 patients / 27 stations = 3.44 patients per station) or (93 / 27 = 3.44; 3.44 / 4 = 0.8611) or 86.11%). The target utilization is 80% or 3.2 patients per station per week as of the end of the first operating year of the facility. Based on the calculations above, the applicant is eligible to expand its facility and may apply for additional stations. Upon completion of the proposed project, the facility will have 30 stations serving 113 patients at the end of Year 1 (1/1/15-12/1/15) which is a utilization rate of 94% or 3.76 patients per station (113 / 30 = 3.76; 3.76 / 4 = 0.94 or 94%). This exceeds the minimum of 3.2 patients per station per week as of the end of the first operating year required by 10A NCAC 14C .2203(b). Additionally, the January 2013 SDR reports that as of June 30, 2012, home dialysis patients accounted for 11.2% of Mecklenburg County patients receiving ESRD services. Therefore, projected utilization is based on reasonable and supported assumptions regarding continued growth.

The applicant adequately demonstrates that the proposal would not result in the unnecessary duplication of existing or approved health service capabilities or facilities. Consequently, the application is conforming to this criterion.

(7) The applicant shall show evidence of the availability of resources, including health manpower and management personnel, for the provision of the services proposed to be provided.

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In Section VII.1, page 55, the applicant states that BMA North Charlotte currently employs 16.50 full time equivalent staff (FTEs). The applicant further states on page 55, that BMA North Charlotte proposes to hire four additional FTEs upon project completion. Those FTE positions for which the applicant will hire are illustrated in the table below.

BMA North Charlotte Proposed New(FTE) Positions					
RN 1.00					
Clinical Mgr.	2.00				
Home Training Nurse	1.00				
Total Proposed FTEs	4.00				

The applicant projects a total of 20.50 FTE positions upon project completion and states on page 56 that there is no difficulty expected in recruiting staff. In Section VII.10, page 58, the applicant states, "BMA North Charlotte offers a third, or evening dialysis shift for those patients who choose to dialyze in the evening." In Section V.4(c), page 46, the applicant identifies the Medical Director for BMA North Charlotte as Dr. Daniel Tierney. In Exhibit 21 the applicant provides a letter from Dr. Tierney indicating his willingness to continue to

serve as Medical Director of the facility. The applicant adequately documents the availability of resources, including health manpower and management personnel, for provision of the proposed dialysis services. Therefore, the application is conforming to this criterion.

(8) The applicant shall demonstrate that the provider of the proposed services will make available, or otherwise make arrangements for, the provision of the necessary ancillary and support services. The applicant shall also demonstrate that the proposed service will be coordinated with the existing health care system.

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In Section V.1, page 43, the applicant lists the providers of the necessary ancillary and support services. See Exhibits 16-18 for service agreements documentation. Also see the applicant's response to 10A NCAC 14C .2204, Section II, pages 21-22. The applicant adequately demonstrates the necessary ancillary and support services are available and that the proposed services will be coordinated with the existing healthcare system. Therefore, the application is conforming to this criterion.

(9) An applicant proposing to provide a substantial portion of the project's services to individuals not residing in the health service area in which the project is located, or in adjacent health service areas, shall document the special needs and circumstances that warrant service to these individuals.

NA

- (10) When applicable, the applicant shall show that the special needs of health maintenance organizations will be fulfilled by the project. Specifically, the applicant shall show that the project accommodates: (a) The needs of enrolled members and reasonably anticipated new members of the HMO for the health service to be provided by the organization; and (b) The availability of new health services from non-HMO providers or other HMOs in a reasonable and cost-effective manner which is consistent with the basic method of operation of the HMO. In assessing the availability of these health services from these providers, the applicant shall consider only whether the services from these providers:
  - (i) would be available under a contract of at least 5 years duration;
  - (ii) would be available and conveniently accessible through physicians and other health professionals associated with the HMO;
  - (iii) would cost no more than if the services were provided by the HMO; and
  - (iv) would be available in a manner which is administratively feasible to the HMO.

NA

- (11) Repealed effective July 1, 1987.
- (12) Applications involving construction shall demonstrate that the cost, design, and means of construction proposed represent the most reasonable alternative, and that the construction

project will not unduly increase the costs of providing health services by the person proposing the construction project or the costs and charges to the public of providing health services by other persons, and that applicable energy saving features have been incorporated into the construction plans.

NA

- (13) The applicant shall demonstrate the contribution of the proposed service in meeting the health-related needs of the elderly and of members of medically underserved groups, such as medically indigent or low income persons, Medicaid and Medicare recipients, racial and ethnic minorities, women, and handicapped persons, which have traditionally experienced difficulties in obtaining equal access to the proposed services, particularly those needs identified in the State Health Plan as deserving of priority. For the purpose of determining the extent to which the proposed service will be accessible, the applicant shall show:
  - (a) The extent to which medically underserved populations currently use the applicant's existing services in comparison to the percentage of the population in the applicant's service area which is medically underserved;

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In Section VI.1, page 49 the applicant states:

"BMA has a long history of providing dialysis services to the underserved populations of North Carolina. ... The patient population of the BMA North Charlotte facility is comprised of the following:"

Facility	Medicaid/ Low Income	Elderly (65+)	Medicare	Women	Racial Minorities
BMA North Charlotte	6.0%	23.0%	77.0%	43.0%	85.0%

Note: The Medicare percentage here represents the percentage of patients receiving some type of Medicare benefit. This is not to say that 71.1% of the facility treatment reimbursement is from Medicare.

In Section, VI.1, page 50, the applicant provides the current and projected payor mix for BMA North Charlotte. The current payor mix is illustrated in the table below.

**Historical Payor Source** 

Payor Source	Percentage
Commercial Insurance	8.8%
Medicare	82.3%
Medicaid	4.7%
VA	2.0%
Other:: Self/Indigent	2.1%
Total	100.0%

The Division of Medical Assistance (DMA) maintains a website which offers information regarding the number of persons eligible for Medicaid assistance and estimates of the percentage of uninsured for each county in North Carolina. The following table illustrates those percentages for Mecklenburg County and statewide.

	CY 2009 Total # of Medicaid Eligibles as % of Total Population *	CY 2009 Total # of Medicaid Eligibles Age 21 and older as % of Total Population *	CY 2009 % Uninsured (Estimate by Cecil G. Sheps Center)*	
Mecklenburg County	15%	5.1%	20.1%	
Statewide	17%	6.7%	19.7%	

<sup>\*</sup>More current data, particularly with regard to the estimated uninsured percentages, was not available.

The majority of Medicaid eligibles are children under the age of 21. This age group does not utilize the same health services at the same rate as older segments of the population, particularly the services offered by the BMA North Charlotte. In fact, only 5.8% of all newly diagnosed ESRD patients (incident ESRD patients) in North Carolina's Network 6 were under the age of 35.

The Office of State Budget & Management (OSBM) maintains a website which provides historical and projected population data for each county in North Carolina. In addition, data is available by age, race and gender. However, a direct comparison to the applicants' current payor mix would be of little value. The population data by age, race or gender does not include information on the number of elderly, minorities or women utilizing health services. Furthermore, OSBM's website does not include information on the number of handicapped persons.

According to the CMS website, in 2008, about 95% of dialysis patients were covered by Medicare. About 25% of the Medicare-covered patients had employer group plans as primary insurance, with Medicare as the secondary payer. Also, the CMS website states:

"Although the ESRD population in less than 1% of the entire U.S. population it continues to increase at a rate of 3% per year and includes people of all races, age groups, and socioeconomic standings. ...

Almost half (46.6%) of the incident patients in 2004 were between the ages of 60 and 79. These distributions have remained constant over the past five years. While the majority of dialysis patients are White, ESRD rates among Blacks and Native Americans are disproportionately high. While Blacks comprise over 12% of the national population, they make up 36.4% of the total dialysis prevalent population. In 2004 males represented over half of the ESRD incident (52.6%) and prevalent (51.9) populations."

Additionally, the United States Renal Data System, in its 2012 USRDS Annual Data Report (page 225) provides these national statistics for FY 2010: "On December 31, 2010, more than 376,000 ESRD patients were receiving hemodialysis therapy." Of the 376,000 ESRD patients, 38.23% were African American, 55.38% were white, 55.65% were male and 44.65% were 65 and older. The report further states:

"Nine of ten prevalent hemodialysis patients had some type of Medicare coverage in 2010, with 39 percent covered solely by Medicare, and 32 percent covered by Medicare/Medicaid. ... Coverage by non-Medicare insurers continues to increase in the dialysis population, in 2010 reaching 10.7 and 10.0 percent for hemodialysis and peritoneal dialysis patients, respectively."

The report provides 2010 ESRD spending, by payor as follows:

ESRD Spending by Payor					
Payor	Spending in Billions	% of Total Spending			
Medicare Paid	\$29.6	62.32%			
Medicare Patient Obligation	\$4.7	9.89%			
Medicare HMO	\$3.4	7.16%			
Non-Medicare	\$9.8	20.63%			

Source: 2012 United States Renal Data System (USRDS) Annual Data Report, page 340.

The Southeastern Kidney Council (SKC) provides Network 6 2011 Incident ESRD patient data by age, race and gender as shown below:

Number and Percent of Dialysis						
Patients by Age, Race and Gender						
	# of ESRD	% of Dialysis				
	Patients	Population				
Ages						
0-19	89	1.0%				
20-34	451	4.8%				
35-44	773	8.3%				
45-54	1,529	16.4%				
55-64	2,370	25.4%				
65-74	2,258	24.2%				
75+	1,872	20.0%				
Gender	Gender					
Female	4,237	45.35%				
Male	5,105	54.65%				
Race						
African American	5,096	54.55%				
White/Caucasian	4,027	43.11%				
Other	219	2.3%				

Source: Southeastern Kidney Council (SKC) Network 6. Includes North Carolina, South Carolina and Georgia

The applicant demonstrates the medically underserved populations have adequate access to the services provided at BMA North Charlotte. Therefore, the application is conforming to this criterion.

(b) Its past performance in meeting its obligation, if any, under any applicable regulations requiring provision of uncompensated care, community service, or access by minorities and handicapped persons to programs receiving federal assistance, including the existence of any civil rights access complaints against the applicant;

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In Section VI.6(a), page 53, the applicant states there have been no civil rights access complaints filed against BMA in the past five years. Therefore, the application is conforming to this criterion.

(c) That the elderly and the medically underserved groups identified in this subdivision will be served by the applicant's proposed services and the extent to which each of these groups is expected to utilize the proposed services; and

C

In Section VI.1(c), page 50, the applicant provides the projected payor mix for the proposed services at BMA North Charlotte as shown in the table below.

**Projected Payor Mix** 

Payor Source	Percentage				
	In-Center	PD			
	Patients	Patients	Patients		
Commercial Insurance	10.6%	87.0%	24.9%		
Medicare	73.1%	9.4%	70.7%		
Medicaid	5.8%	0.6%	1.0%		
VA	4.0%	2.9%	2.3%		
Other: Self/Indigent	6.5%	0.1%	1.1%		
Total	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%		

The applicant demonstrates that medically underserved populations would have adequate access to the proposed services. Therefore, the application is conforming to this criterion.

(d) That the applicant offers a range of means by which a person will have access to its services. Examples of a range of means are outpatient services, admission by house staff, and admission by personal physicians.

 $\mathbf{C}$ 

In Section VI.5, pages 52-53, the applicant states,

"Those Nephrologists who apply for and receive medical staff privileges will admit patients with End Stage Renal Disease to the facility. BMA North Charlotte will have an open policy, which means that any Nephrologist may apply to admit patients at the facility. The attending physicians receive referrals from other physicians or Nephrologists or hospital emergency rooms."

The applicant adequately demonstrates that BMA North Charlotte will provide a range of means by which a person can access its services. Therefore, the application is conforming to this criterion.

(14) The applicant shall demonstrate that the proposed health services accommodate the clinical needs of health professional training programs in the area, as applicable.

 $\mathbf{C}$ 

In Section V.3, page 45, the applicant states that Exhibit 19 includes a letter to the healthcare program chair of the Central Piedmont Community College, to include BMA North Charlotte in its clinical rotation schedule for student nurses.

- (15) Repealed effective July 1, 1987.
- (16) Repealed effective July 1, 1987.
- (17) Repealed effective July 1, 1987.
- (18) Repealed effective July 1, 1987.

(18a) The applicant shall demonstrate the expected effects of the proposed services on competition in the proposed service area, including how any enhanced competition will have a positive impact upon the cost effectiveness, quality, and access to the services proposed; and in the case of applications for services where competition between providers will not have a favorable impact on cost-effectiveness, quality, and access to the services proposed, the applicant shall demonstrate that its application is for a service on which competition will not have a favorable impact.

 $\mathbf{C}$ 

Bio-Medical Applications of North Carolina, Inc. d/b/a BMA North Charlotte proposes to add three dialysis stations, one of which will be used for in-center hemo-dialysis and two will be used for home hemo-dialysis, to its existing facility for a total of 30 certified dialysis stations upon completion of the proposed project.

The January 2013 SDR shows there is a deficit of 6 dialysis stations in Mecklenburg County, however, in this proposal the applicant is applying for additional stations based on the facility need methodology. According to the January 2013 SDR there are 16 ESRD facilities (including BMA North Charlotte), 14 of which are currently operational in Mecklenburg County. The January 2013 SDR reports that as of June 30, 2012, the 27 stations at BMA North Charlotte was operating at 86.1% capacity (27 / 93 = 3.44; 3.44 / 4 = 0.8611 or 86.11). The target utilization is 80% or 3.2 patients per station per week as of the end of the first operating year of the facility.

In Section V.7, page 48, the applicant discusses the impact of the proposed project on competition in the service area as it relates to promoting cost-effectiveness, quality and access. The applicant states:

"BMA dos not expect this proposal to have an effect on the competitive climate in Mecklenburg County. ...

BMA facilities are compelled to operate at maximum dollar efficiency as a result of fixed reimbursement rates from Medicare and Medicaid. ... In this application, BMA projects that 87.1% of the In-center patients will be relying upon either Medicare of Medicaid. The facility must capitalize upon every opportunity for efficiency.

BMA facilities have done an exceptional job of containing operating costs while continuing to provide outstanding care and treatment to patients. ...

This proposal will ... enhance the quality of the ESRD patients' lives."

See Sections II, III, V, VI and VII. The information provided by the applicant in those sections is reasonable and credible and adequately demonstrates that adding three dialysis stations to the existing BMA North Charlotte facility will have a positive impact on cost-effectiveness, quality

and access to the proposed service based on the information in the application and the following analysis:

- The applicant adequately demonstrates the need to add three additional stations to the existing facility based on facility need methodology. The applicant also demonstrates that the proposed project is a cost-effective alternative to meet the need to provide additional access to BMA North Charlotte patients;
- The applicant has and will continue to provide quality services. The information regarding staffing provided in Section VII is reasonable and credible and demonstrates adequate staffing for the provision of quality care services in accordance with 42 C.F.R., Section 494 (formerly 405.2100). The information regarding ancillary and support services and coordination of services with the existing health care system in Sections V.1, V.2, V.4, V.5 (pages 43-47), and VII. (pages 50-57), and referenced exhibits is reasonable and credible and demonstrates the provision of quality care.
- o The applicant has and will continue to provide adequate access to medically underserved populations. In Section VI.1, page 49, the applicant states:

"It is clear that BMA North Charlotte provides service to historically underserved populations. It is BMA policy to provide all services to all patients regardless of income, racial/ethnic origin, gender, physical or mental conditions, age, ability to pay or any other factor that would classify a patient as underserved."

The applicant provides the following table in Section VI.1(a), page 49, to demonstrate that medically underserved populations will continue to have adequate access to BMA services, as illustrated below.

Facility	Medicaid/ Low Income	Elderly (65+)	Medicare	Women	Racial Minorities
BMA North Charlotte	6.0%	23.0%	77.0%	43.0%	85.0%

Note: The Medicare percentage here represents the percentage of patients receiving some type of Medicare benefit. This is not to say that 71.1% of facility treatment reimbursement is from Medicare.

The applicant further states on page 49, "BMA has a long history of providing dialysis services to the underserved populations of North Carolina. Each of our facilities has a patient population which includes low-income persons, racial and ethnic minorities, women, handicapped persons, elderly or other traditionally underserved persons." The application is conforming to this criterion.

- (19) Repealed effective July 1, 1987.
- (20) An applicant already involved in the provision of health services shall provide evidence that quality care has been provided in the past.

The applicant currently provides dialysis services at BMA North Charlotte. According to the files in the Acute and Home Care Licensure and Certification Section, DHSR, BMA North

Charlotte has operated in compliance with all Medicare Conditions of Participation within the eighteen months immediately preceding the date of this decision. Therefore, the application is conforming to this criterion.

- (21) Repealed effective July 1, 1987.
- (b) The Department is authorized to adopt rules for the review of particular types of applications that will be used in addition to those criteria outlined in subsection (a) of this section and may vary according to the purpose for which a particular review is being conducted or the type of health service reviewed. No such rule adopted by the Department shall require an academic medical center teaching hospital, as defined by the State Medical Facilities Plan, to demonstrate that any facility or service at another hospital is being appropriately utilized in order for that academic medical center teaching hospital to be approved for the issuance of a certificate of need to develop any similar facility or service.

 $\mathbf{C}$ 

The Criteria and Standards for End Stage Renal Disease Services promulgated in 10A NCAC 14C .2200 are applicable to this review. The proposal is conforming to all applicable Criteria and Standards for End Stage Renal Disease Services in 10A NCAC 14C .2200. The specific findings are discussed below.

# 10A NCAC 14C .2202 INFORMATION REQUIRED OF APPLICANT

- (a) An applicant that proposes to increase dialysis stations in an existing certified facility or relocate stations must provide the following information:
  - (1) Utilization rates;
  - -C- In Section II.1, page 11, the applicant provides the utilization rate of 86.11% with 3.4 patients per station (93 / 27 = 3.4) as reported in the January 2013 SDR.
  - (2) Mortality rates;
  - -C- In Section II.1, page 11, the applicant provides the mortality rates as 17.1%, 25.8% and 13.6% for 2010, 2011 and 2012, respectively.
  - (3) The number of patients that are home trained and the number of patients on home dialysis;
  - -NA- In Section II.3, page 11, the applicant states, "BMA North Charlotte does not have a home dialysis program. Patients who are candidates for home dialysis are referred to BMA Charlotte. After approval of this application, BMA will develop a home training program at BMA North Charlotte."

- (4) The number of transplants performed or referred;
- -C- In Section II.1, page 11, the applicant states BMA North Charlotte referred 33 transplants in 2011 and 43 in 2012. Three transplants were performed in 2011 and two in 2012.
- (5) The number of patients currently on the transplant waiting list;
- -C- In Section II.1, page 11, the applicant states, "BMA North Charlotte has 12 patients on the transplant waiting list."
- (6) Hospital admission rates, by admission diagnosis, i.e., dialysis related versus non-dialysis related;
- -C- In Section II.1, page 12, the applicant states that there were 152 hospital admissions in 2012, of which 33 were dialysis related and 119 that were non-dialysis related.
- (7) The number of patients with infectious disease, e.g., hepatitis, and the number converted to infectious status during last calendar year.
- -C- In Section II.1, page 12, the applicant states that there were no patients at the facility in 2011 or 2012 with an infectious disease.
- (b) An applicant that proposes to develop a new facility, increase the number of dialysis stations in an existing facility, establish a new dialysis station, or relocate existing dialysis stations shall provide the following information requested on the End Stage Renal Disease (ESRD) Treatment application form:
  - (1) For new facilities, a letter of intent to sign a written agreement or a signed written agreement with an acute care hospital that specifies the relationship with the dialysis facility and describes the services that the hospital will provide to patients of the dialysis facility. The agreement must comply with 42 C.F.R., Section 405.2100.
  - -NA- BMA North Charlotte is an existing facility. The applicant, however, provides a copy of the hospital affiliation agreement with Carolinas Medical Center in Exhibit 16.
  - (2) For new facilities, a letter of intent to sign a written agreement or a written agreement with transplantation center describing the relationship with the dialysis facility and the specific services that the transplantation center will provide to patients of the dialysis facility. The agreements must include the following:
    - (A) timeframe for initial assessment and evaluation of patients for transplantation,

- (B) composition of the assessment/evaluation team at the transplant center,
- (C) method for periodic re-evaluation,
- (D) criteria by which a patient will be evaluated and periodically reevaluated for transplantation, and
- (E) signatures of the duly authorized persons representing the facilities and the agency providing the services.
- -NA- BMA North Charlotte is an existing facility.
- (3) For new or replacement facilities, documentation that power and water will be available at the proposed site.
- -NA- BMA North Charlotte is an existing facility.
- (4) Copies of written policies and procedures for back up for electrical service in the event of a power outage.
- -C- See Exhibit 12 for a copy of the Emergency/Disaster Manual (which has policies and procedures for back-up electrical service in the event of a power outage) for BMA North Charlotte.
- (5) For new facilities, the location of the site on which the services are to be operated. If such site is neither owned by nor under option to the applicant, the applicant must provide a written commitment to pursue acquiring the site if and when the approval is granted, must specify a secondary site on which the services could be operated should acquisition efforts relative to the primary site ultimately fail, and must demonstrate that the primary and secondary sites are available for acquisition.
- -NA- BMA North Charlotte is an existing facility.
- (6) Documentation that the services will be provided in conformity with applicable laws and regulations pertaining to staffing, fire safety equipment, physical environment, water supply, and other relevant health and safety requirements.
- -C- In Section II.1, page 13, the applicant states, "BMA will provide all services approved by the Certificate of Need in conformity with applicable laws and regulations. BMA staffing consistently meets CMS and State guidelines for dialysis staffing. Fire safety equipment, the physical environment, water supply and other relevant health and safety equipment will be appropriately installed and maintained at BMA North Charlotte."
- (7) The projected patient origin for the services. All assumptions, including the methodology by which patient origin is projected, must be stated.

-C- In Section II.1, pages 13-15, and Section III.7, pages 36-39, the applicant provides the methodology and assumptions used to project patient origin, as illustrated in table below:

County	Operating Year 1 2015			Operating Year 2 2016			County Patien of T	
County	In-center Patients	PD	НН	In-center Patients	PD	НН	Year 1 Year 2	
Mecklenburg	110.2	2.0	2.0	112.4	4.1	4.1	97.3%	97.4%
Cabarrus	2			2			1.7%	1.7%
Gaston	1			1			0.9%	0.8%
Total	113.2	2	2	115.4	4.1	4.1	100.0%	100.0%

Note: Due to rounding the applicant's number were slightly off and have been adjusted in the table above. Those adjustments include: County Pts. as a % Year 1 for Mecklenburg County, as reported on page 15, is 97.4% [110.2 / 113.2 = 0.9734 or 97.3%], as reflected in the table above. County Pts. as a % Year 2 for Mecklenburg County, as reported on page 15, is 97.6% [112.4 / 115.4 = 0.9740 or 97.4%], as reflected in the table above. County Pts. as a % Year 2 for Cabarrus County, as reported on page 15 is 1.6% [2 / 115.4 = 0.0173 or 1.7%].

Also see discussion in Criterion (3) which is incorporated hereby as if fully set forth herein.

- (8) For new facilities, documentation that at least 80 percent of the anticipated patient population resides within 30 miles of the proposed facility.
- -NA- BMA North Charlotte is an existing facility.
- (9) A commitment that the applicant shall admit and provide dialysis services to patients who have no insurance or other source of payment, but for whom payment for dialysis services will be made by another healthcare provider in an amount equal to the Medicare reimbursement rate for such services.
- -C- In Section II.1, page 16, the applicant states, "BMA will admit and provide dialysis services to patients who have no insurance or other source of payment, but for whom payment for dialysis services will be made by another healthcare provider in an amount equal to the Medicare reimbursement rate for such services."

### 10A NCAC 14C .2203 PERFORMANCE STANDARDS

- (a) An applicant proposing to establish a new End Stage Renal Disease facility shall document the need for at least 10 stations based on utilization of 3.2 patients per station per week as of the end of the first operating year of the facility, with the exception that the performance standard shall be waived for a need in the State Medical Facilities Plan that is based on an adjusted need determination.
- -NA- BMA North Charlotte does not propose to establish a new End Stage Renal Disease facility.
- (b) An applicant proposing to increase the number of dialysis stations in an existing End Stage Renal Disease facility or one that was not operational prior to the beginning of the review period but which had been issued a certificate of need shall document the need for the additional stations based on utilization of 3.2 patients per station per week as of the end of the first operating year of the additional stations.
- -C- BMA North Charlotte projects utilization of 3.7 patients per station per week as of the end of the first operating year. Assumptions are provided in Section II.1, pages 13-15, and Section III.7, pages 36-39.
- (c) An applicant shall provide all assumptions, including the methodology by which patient utilization is projected.
- -C- The applicant provides all assumptions, including the methodology by which patient utilization is projected in Section II.1, pages 13-15, and Section III.7, pages 36-39. The applicant projects a 5.6% increase in its current Mecklenburg County patient utilization using the county five year average annual change rate.

### 10A NCAC 14C .2204 SCOPE OF SERVICES

To be approved, the applicant must demonstrate that the following services will be available:

- (1) diagnostic and evaluation services;
- -C- In Section II.1, page 21, the applicant states, "Patients will be referred to Carolinas Medical Center Charlotte (CMC)."
- (2) maintenance dialysis;
- -C- In Section II.1, page 21, the applicant states, "The facility will provide in-center dialysis."
- (3) accessible self-care training;

- C- In Section II.1, page 21, the applicant states, "Patients who are candidates for home training will be referred to the BMA Charlotte dialysis facility home training clinic." Upon completion of the proposed project, BMA North Charlotte will provide training and support for those patients wishing to dialyze at home.
- (4) accessible follow-up program for support of patients dialyzing at home;
- C- In Section II.1, page 21, the applicant states, "Patients desiring to dialyze at home will be referred to the BMA Charlotte home training program. Upon completion of this project patients will be able to receive training and support for home dialysis at the facility."
- (5) x-ray services;
- C- In Section II.1, page 21, the applicant states, "Patients in need of X-ray services will be referred to CMC."
- (6) laboratory services;
- -C- In Section II.1, page 21, the applicant states, "BMA provides on site laboratory services through contract with Spectra Labs." See Exhibit 18 for the laboratory services agreement with Spectra Laboratories.
- (7) blood bank services;
- -C- In Section II.1, page 21, the applicant states, "Patients in need of blood transfusion will be referred to CMC."
- (8) emergency care;
- -C- In Section II.1, page 22, the applicant states, "Emergency care for patients is provided on site by BMA staff until emergency responders arrive. In the event of an adverse event while in the facility, BMA staff are appropriately trained; in addition a fully stocked 'crash cart' is maintained at the facility. If the patient event requires transportation to a hospital, emergency services are summoned via phone call to 911."
- (9) acute dialysis in an acute care setting;
- -C- In Section II.1, page 22, the applicant states, "Patients admitted to hospital will be referred to CMC."
- (10) vascular surgery for dialysis treatment patients;

- -C- In Section II.1, page 22, the applicant states, "Patients will be referred to Metrolina Nephrology Associates, Dilworth Surgical or Sanger Clinic. The surgeons of these locations will coordinate with the patient and schedule vascular surgery."
- 11) transplantation services;
- -C- In Section II.1, page 22, the applicant states, "BMA North Charlotte has a transplant agreement with CMC." See Exhibit 17 for a copy of the transplant agreement with CMC Hospital.
- (12) vocational rehabilitation counseling and services; and
- -C- In Section II.1, page 22, the applicant states, "Patients in need of vocational rehabilitation services will be referred to the Division of Vocational Rehabilitation of Mecklenburg County."
- (13) transportation.
- -C- In Section II.1, page 22, the applicant states, "Transportation services will be provided by Special Transportation, or Charlotte Area Transit Systems (CATS)."

#### 10A NCAC 14C .2205 STAFFING AND STAFF TRAINING

- (a) To be approved, the state agency must determine that the proponent can meet all staffing requirements as stated in 42 C.F.R., Section 405.2100.
  - -C- In Section II., page 22, the applicant states that sufficient staffing for each shift is provided. In Section VII.10, page 58, the applicant states BMA offers a third shift for patient convenience on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays. The applicant further states on page 58, that BMA North Charlotte currently has four patients who dialyze on the third shift. In Section VII.2, page 56, BMA states that all staffing requirements will be met as stated in 42 C.F.R. Section 494 (formerly 405.2100). See Criterion (7) for further discussion on staffing which is incorporated hereby as if fully set forth herein.
  - (b) To be approved, the state agency must determine that the proponent will provide an ongoing program of training for nurses and technicians in dialysis techniques at the facility.
    - -C- In Section II.1, pages 22-23 and Section VII.5, page 56, the applicant describes the training and continuing education required for all BMA clinical employees. The applicant states that new employees are required to successfully complete a ten week training program, staff training is continually updated and documented in employee records. The applicant further states that training includes dialysis techniques, safety precautions, CPR, corporate policies and procedures. Exhibit

14 contains an outline of the training program and Exhibit 15 contains the outline of continuing education information.