Comments in Opposition from
North Carolina Home Health, LLC
Regarding a Certificate of Need Application
Submitted by PruittHealth Home Care, Inc.
in Response to a Need Determination for
One Home Health Agency
in the Mecklenburg County Service Area
Submitted April 17, 2017 for May 1, 2017 Review Cycle

I. Introduction

In accordance with N.C.G.S. Section 131E-185(a1)(1), North Carolina Home Health, LLC (NCHH) submits the following comments regarding a Certificate of Need Application submitted by PruittHealth Home Health, Inc. in response to a need determination for one Home Health Agency in the Mecklenburg County Service Area for the May 1, 2017 CON review cycle.

The following three CON applications were submitted in response to the need determination in the Mecklenburg County Service Area in the 2017 State Medical Facilities Plan (2017 SMFP):

- F-11329-17: North Carolina Home Health
- F-11327-17: PruittHealth Home Health, Inc.
- F-11341-17: Well Care Home Health of the Piedmont, Inc.

II. Comparative Analysis

The comments in opposition submitted by NCHH and the comparative analysis included at the end of these comments shows that the CON Application submitted by NCHH is the most effective alternative for the Medicare-certified home health agency in Mecklenburg County. Both applications submitted by Well Care and PruittHealth Home Health, Inc. (Pruitt) included assumptions for projected utilization and financial proformas that are questionable, with both higher than average and lower than average assumptions for a variety of variables which can skew comparative values. NCHH presents an extremely reasonable application based upon conservative projections and reasonable financials. NCHH projected utilization is based upon average historical utilization of home health services in the Mecklenburg County Service Area. NCHH financials are based upon the historical experience of a national home health provider, LHC Group, Inc.

NCHH also is the only applicant committed solely to the development of home health services in Mecklenburg County. Both Pruitt and Well Care propose services areas and projected volumes which include patients from Cabarrus and Union Counties.

NCHH is the most effective alternative for a new home health agency in Mecklenburg County.

III. CON Application of Pruitt Home Care, Inc.

Pruitt Home Care, Inc. proposes to develop a Medicare-certified home health agency in Mecklenburg County in zip code 28027, called Pruitt Home Care of Mecklenburg (Pruitt). Pruitt proposes to provide comprehensive home health services utilizing contract services for more than 50% of its total patient visits rather than hiring nurses and therapists to provide local care to residents of Mecklenburg County. The Pruitt operational design relies on other Pruitt agencies to help staff the home health agency, in addition to meeting the patient needs of existing nursing homes and services currently provided by Pruitt in the Mecklenburg County area. However, Pruitt does not have a home health agency in Mecklenburg County or any of the surrounding counties to share responsibility for the home health patients in Mecklenburg County. Therefore, the Pruitt operational design for Mecklenburg County will not utilize experienced home health staff but will use nurses and therapists that are experienced in facility based nursing care, not home health care.

NCHH will hire, train and develop its staff to be experts in home health care, not facility based care. NCHH's parent, LHC Group, is one of the largest national providers of home health services and utilizes employed staff in its home health agencies. Therefore, the NCHH operational design, with little or no dependence on contract staffing, is a more effective alternative than the Pruitt application.

IV. CON Review Criteria

The following comments are submitted based upon the CON Review Criteria found at G.S.131E-183. While some issues impact multiple Criteria, they are discussed under the most relevant review Criteria and referenced in others to which they apply.

G.S. 131E-183 (1)

The proposed project shall be consistent with applicable policies and need determinations in the State Medical Facilities Plan, the need determination of which constitutes a determinative limitation on the provision of any health service, health service facility, health service facility beds, dialysis stations, operating rooms, or home health offices that may be approved.

There is one *State Medical Facilities Plan (SMFP)* Policy applicable to the review of competing Mecklenburg County Home Health Agency CON Applications:

• Policy GEN-3: Basic Principles.

As will be discussed in the context of CON Review Criteria (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), and (18a), Pruitt does not demonstrate:

- A need for the proposed project;
- That the proposed project will promote equitable access; and
- That the proposed project will maximize health care value for resources expended.

As a result, the Pruitt CON Application does not conform to Policy GEN-3 and CON Review Criterion (1).

G.S. 131E-183 (3)

The applicant shall identify the population to be served by the proposed project, and shall demonstrate the need that this population has for the services proposed, and the extent to which all residents of the area, and, in particular, low income persons, racial and ethnic minorities, women, handicapped persons, the elderly, and other underserved groups are likely to have access to the services proposed.

Pruitt projects to provide home health services to 238 patients in its first year of operation, July 2018 – Jun 2019. Volume is projected to increase to 598 in project year two, July 2019 - June 2020. This is an increase of 360 patients in one year: over a 100% increase in patients in one year.

The following table reflected projected unduplicated patients and market share for all three applicants.

Projected Unduplicated Patients and Market Share

	1	1		1	
	2018	2019	2020	2021	
Total Projected Patients	19,345	20,194	21,081	22,007	
	NCHI	H			
Projected Patients		281	381	489	
Growth Rate			35.6%	28.3%	
Market Share Analysis		1.4%	1.8%	2.2%	
	Pruit	t			
Projected Patients		238	598	PY 3 – No Projections	
Growth Rate			151.3%		
Market Share Analysis		1.2%	2.8%		
Well Care					
Projected Patients	449	898	1,163		
Growth Rate		100%	30%		
Market Share Analysis	2.3%	4.4%	5.5%		

Source: Total Projected Patients, NCHH CON application, Exhibit 4, Table 4, page 129; NCHH page 129; Pruitt page 135; Well Care page 58

Both Pruitt and Well Care projected aggressive growth in patients during the first two years of operation using unreasonable assumptions. As shown in the previous table, NCHH projects the most reasonable grow based upon reasonable assumptions.

On pages 92-122 Pruitt projected future home health utilization using a very detailed and complex methodology based upon adjusting home health use rates for certain populations. Then on pages 132-163 Pruitt provides detailed projections on projected unduplicated

patients and projected patient visits. However, the result of this process results in an unreasonable projected number of visits per patient.

The following table shows the average number of visits per unduplicated patient projected by each applicant in the second year of operation of the proposed home health agency.

Average Number of Visits per Unduplicated Patient - PY 2

Rank	Applicant	Total Number of Unduplicated Patients	Projected Number of Visits	Average Visits per Unduplicated Patient
1	Pruitt Home Health	598	15,352	25.7
2	Well Care Home Health of the Piedmont	898	19,095	21.3
3	North Carolina Home Health	381	7,943	20.8

Projected visits per patient were compared to historical Mecklenburg County utilization reflected in the NCHH CON Application in Exhibit 4, Table 15 on page 134. The visits per unduplicated patient projected by Pruitt are unreasonable and exceed the historical range of visits per unduplicated patient provided by Mecklenburg County certified agencies in FY 2015 when compared to historical data. Pruitt's overstated visits per unduplicated patient impact several of the comparative factors as discussed herein. In FY 2015, that range was from 13.1 visits per unduplicated patient to 24.4 visits per unduplicated patients, as reflected in the 2015 Annual Licensure Renewal Applications submitted by Mecklenburg County home health providers¹.

Based upon the historical analysis of visits per unduplicated patient included in NCHH Exhibit 4, Table 15, Pruitt's projected visits are overstated as they are based upon unreasonable assumptions. Therefore, the project is non-conforming to Criterion 3.

Throughout the application, Pruitt utilized information and analysis of Mecklenburg County data for FFY 2016 from 2017 LRA forms. However, NCHH was advised by DHSR Health Planning staff to utilize FFY 2015 data from 2016 LRA forms for completion of the NHCC CON Application, as data included in the 2017 LRAs had not yet been vetted and all the LRAs were not yet submitted. This is evidenced by comparing data in SMFP draft Table 12A for the 2018 SMFP to SMFP Table 12A in the 2017 SMFP. One large provider is missing in the most current information.

For those reasons, Pruitt fails to demonstrate conformity with CON Review Criteria (3).

¹ Note that one provider in Mecklenburg County associated with a continuing care retirement community exceeded this range dramatically and was not included in the calculation of average or range for this variable. See Table 15 in Exhibit 4 in the NCHH CON application.

G.S. 131E-183 (4)

Where alternative methods of meeting the needs for the proposed project exist, the applicant shall demonstrate that the least costly or most effective alternative has been proposed.

As discussed in the context of CON Review Criterion (3) and Criterion (5), projected utilization and projections of cost and revenue are not based on reasonable projections and exceed costs and revenue proposed by many of the other applicants.

For those reasons, Pruitt fails to demonstrate that it is the least costly or most effective alternative proposed, which demonstrates non-conformity with CON Review Criteria (4).

G.S. 131E-183 (5)

Financial and operational projections for the project shall demonstrate the availability of funds for capital and operating needs as well as the immediate and long-term financial feasibility of the proposal, based upon reasonable projections of the costs of and charges for providing health services by the person proposing the service.

A. Cost per Visit Exceeds Charges per Visit in Project Years 1 and 2

PruittHealth submitted a CON application for a home health agency in Mecklenburg County in the 2012 CON review as United Home Care, Inc. d/b/a UniHealth Home Health, Inc. d/b/a UniHealth Home Health. The following table shows a comparison of the cost per visit and charge per visit for skilled nursing care in the current application and the previous application.

UniHealth 2012 Home Health Application and Pruitt 2017 Home Health Application
Comparison: Skilled Nursing Cost per Visit – PYs 1 and 2

2012 Home Health Application in	Skilled Nursing	Skilled Nursing
Mecklenburg County	PY 1	PY 2
Proposed Cost per Visit (page 226)	\$292.17	\$169.20
2017 Home Health Application in	Skilled Nursing	Skilled Nursing
Mecklenburg County	PY 1	PY 2
Proposed Cost per Visit (page 202)	\$244.41	\$145.84

As shown in the previous table, Pruitt projects lower costs in 2017 than in 2012 for skilled nursing services in both project year 1 and 2. It is not reasonable to assume that the cost of skilled nursing home care services has **decreased** 13.8% since 2012.

The following table shows a comparison of the cost per visit and charge per visit for physical therapy services in the current application and the previous application.

UniHealth 2012 Home Health Application and Pruitt 2017 Home Health Application Comparison: Physical Therapy Cost per Visit – PYs 1 and 2

2012 Home Health Application in	Physical Therapy	Physical Therapy
Mecklenburg County	PY 1	PY 2
Proposed Cost per Visit (page 226)	\$214.39	\$134.43
2017 Home Health Application in	Physical Therapy	Physical Therapy
Mecklenburg County	PY 1	PY 2
Proposed Cost per Visit (page 202)	\$164.61	\$120.38

As shown in the previous table, Pruitt projects lower costs in 2017 than in 2012 for physical therapy services in both project year 1 and 2. It is not reasonable to assume that the cost of physical therapy services has **decreased** 10.5% since 2012.

As shown in the previous tables, Pruitt costs for nursing services and physical therapy at a lower level than in a similar application submitted five years ago. No explanation is provided to explain why it is reasonable to assume costs for care are decreasing. Conversely, most information in the public domain documents that the cost of healthcare is increasing. Therefore, the financial projections set forth by Pruitt are incorrect and are based upon unreasonable assumptions.

B. Net Income Analysis: Largest Gain, Largest Gain per Duplicated Patient, Largest Gain per Patient Visit, and Largest Gain as a Percentage of Revenue in Project Year 1

The following table shows a net income analysis of the three applicants based on each applicant's gain (loss), gain (loss) per duplicated patient, gain (loss) per patient visit, and gain (loss) as a percentage of revenue in Project Year 2.

Gain (loss) was calculated by subtracting total cost from net revenue in Form B. Gain (loss) per duplicated patient was calculated by dividing gain (loss) by the projected number of duplicated patients from Section IV.2. of each application. Gain (loss) per patient visit was calculated by dividing gain (loss) by the number of patient visits from Section IV.2. of each Application. Gain (loss) as a percentage of revenue was calculated by gain (loss) by net revenue, as shown in the following table.

Mecklenburg County Home Health Applicants Net Income Analysis

Gain (Loss), Gain (Loss) per Patient, Gain (Loss) per Visit, and Gain (Loss) as a Percentage of Revenue – PY 2

Metric	NC Home Health	Well Care HH	Pruitt HH
Gain (Loss)	\$126,655.00	\$945,896.00	\$30,650.00
Gain (Loss) Per Patient	\$332.43	\$1,053.34	\$51.25
Gain (Loss) Per Visit	\$15.95	\$49.54	\$2.00
Gain (Loss) % Net revenue	10.8%	30.8%	1.4%
Ratio Net Revenue Per Visit to Total Cost Per Visit	1.12%	1.44%	1.01%
What is a reasonable return for a Home Health Agency??	Reasonable margin	Too high	Too Low

Source: Attachment 1 – Financial Proforma Analysis

This analysis is important in determining overall financial stability of an agency; as well as reasonable and affordable cost to patients and third-party payors. As shown in the previous table, Pruitt projects the lowest net income, lowest gain per patient, lowest gain per visit, and lowest gain as a percentage of revenue in Project Year 1. An overall 44% profit margin is exceeding high. Pruitt is barely breaking even for the proposed project.

For those reasons, the Pruitt application does not demonstrate the immediate and long term financial feasibility of the proposal are based upon reasonable projections of the costs of and charges for providing health services, required by CON Review Criterion (5).

G.S. 131E-183 (6)

The applicant shall demonstrate that the proposed project will not result in unnecessary duplication of existing or approved health service capabilities or facilities.

As discussed in the context of CON Review Criteria (3), (4), and (5) Pruitt has not justified the need for the proposed project nor determined the projects financial feasibility. As discussed in Criterion 3 the projected market share can be attained only by negatively impacting existing providers.

Therefore, the application is non-conforming to CON Review Criterion (6).

G.S. 131E-183 (7)

The applicant shall show some evidence of the availability of resources, including health manpower and management personnel, for the provision of the services proposed to be provided.

A. Unreasonable Nursing Salaries

As referenced above, a comparison of proposed nursing salaries for the three applicants shows that nursing salaries projected for Pruitt registered nurses are 21% higher than expected in the market. Both Novant Health and Carolinas Healthcare submitted CON Applications for projects on May 15, 2017. These projects included projected salaries for nursing personnel in the Mecklenburg and Union County market including: RNs, LPNs and CNAs. NCHH compared the projected salaries used by existing providers in the market to those proposed by Pruitt (Analysis included in Attachment 1 – Nursing Salary Comparison to 2017 CON's Submitted in Mecklenburg and Union Counties).

Pruitt projected salaries were 21% greater for RNs, to 18% greater for LPNs and 43 % greater for CNAs. These overstated assumptions question the reasonableness of the financial proformas and further decreases the percent of average for direct care as discussed in Criterion (5).

B. Insufficient Staffing

In Section VII of the CON Application, the applicant is asked to project the expected number of visits per FTE per day by discipline. The following table shows this information for all three applicants.

Visits per Day per Discipline

Position	NCHH	Well Care	Pruitt
Registered Nurse	5.0	5.03	5.4
LPN	5.9	6.51	5.4
Physical Therapy	5.4	5.5	6.0
LPTA	0	6.51	0.0
Occupational Therapy	5.3	5.5	7.0
COTA	0	6.51	0.0
Speech Therapy	5.4	4.5	5.0
Medical Social Worker	3.5	4.5	1.3
Home Health Aide	5.2	6.51	2.9

Source: Attachment 1 – Visits per Day per Discipline

Most effective provider highlighted in Yellow

NCHH expected Patient Visits per day per discipline based upon information from the National Association for Home Care and Hospice

A lower number of visits per day equates to longer patient care times per visit for the patient. As previously discussed, most visits provided by home health agencies in Mecklenburg County are nursing care, PT and OT. In those three categories, Well Care provides the shortest patient visits of all three providers as shown in the previous table.

In addition, the number of visits per day, also takes into consideration travel time per patient and administrative time per patients. Pruitt proposes to provide home health services in three counties, Mecklenburg, Union and Cabarrus. Mecklenburg County has not

only the largest population in North Carolina; it has the densest population in North Carolina. As shown in the following table considerably more people live in a square mile in Mecklenburg County than both Cabarrus and Union Counties.

County Density – 2015

County	Square Miles	Population per Square Mile
Cabarrus	361.74	541.83
Mecklenburg	523.40	1972.90
Union	631.61	349.18

Source: NC OSBM

This means that travel time for home health visits in Mecklenburg County would be less than travel time for visits in Cabarrus and Union counties. Therefore, taking into consideration the increased travel time expected per visit for Well Care and Pruitt staff, actual patient treatment time per visit by NHCC care givers is even greater.

To accurately compare staffing projections for all three applicants, NCHH analyzed staffing for Well Care and Pruitt using a comparable patient care time per visit.

NCHH compared projected staffing for Well Care to NCHH using the higher NCHH standards for time per visit (this analysis is included in Attachment 1 – Staffing Analysis). This assumes that Well Care and Pruitt provide the same treatment time per patient as NCHH.

Staffing Analysis

	NC Home Health	Well Care HH	Pruitt HH
Registered Nurse FTE's	3.00	3.10	4.47
Licensed Practical Nurse FTE's	0.00	2.40	0.50
Home Health Aide FTE's	0.40	0.95	0.84
Physical Therapist FTE's	2.00	2.25	0.40
Registered Nurse Visits	3,675	3,797.50	5,475.75
Licensed Practical Nurse Visits	0	3,469.20	722.75
Home Health Aide Visits	509.60	1,210.30	1,070.16
Physical Therapist Visits	2,646	2,976.75	529.20
Registered Nurse Visits PRN Contract	33	0	471.60
Licensed Practical Nurse Visits	0	0	281.38
Home Health Aide Visits	0	0	0.00
PRN Contract / LPTA	239	2,513.70	5,448.73
RN Nursing Visits (Staff + PRN Contract)	3,702	8,001	6,268.50
LPN Nursing Visits (Staff + PRN Contract)	0		696.50
HHA Nursing Visits	301	1,553	629
PT Visits (Staff + PRN Contract)	2,885	6,391	5,449
Over / Short RN	6.00	-4,203.50	-321.15
Over / Short LPN	0.00	3,469.20	307.63
Over / Short HHA	208.60	-342.70	441.16
Over / Short PT Uses LPTA	0.00	-900.55	528.93
		Not enough staff	Not enough staff
		Less Qualified Staff	Less Qualified Staff

Based upon this comparison Pruitt projects insufficient RN, and uses LPN instead of RNs for services provided as reflected in the previous table.

- Pruitt is short 321.2 RN visits. If PHH uses LPN to cover 307.6 RN visits, PHH is still short 13.6 visits with lesser qualified personnel which understates projected FTEs and projected salaries.
- Pruitt's net margin is very low and the impact of understating assumptions, no matter how small, could negatively impact the financial viability of the project.

For those reasons, the Pruitt CON Application does not conform to CON Review Criterion (7).

G.S. 131E-183 (18a)

The applicant shall demonstrate the expected effects of the proposed services on competition in the proposed service area, including how any enhanced competition will have a positive impact upon the cost effectiveness, quality, and access to the services proposed; and in the

case of applications for services where competition between providers will not have a favorable impact on cost effectiveness, quality, and access to the services proposed, the applicant shall demonstrate that its application is for a service on which competition will not have a favorable impact.

As discussed above, Pruitt fails to demonstrate conformity with CON Review Criteria (1), (3), (4), (5), (6), and (7). Consequently, Pruitt fails to demonstrate that its CON Application is conforming to CON Review Criterion (18a).

V. North Carolina Criteria and Standards for Home Health Services

Projections are based on flawed and undocumented assumptions. Please see discussion in the context of CON Review Criteria (3) and (5).

VI. Conclusion

The Pruitt CON Application has not demonstrated conformity with multiple CON Review Criteria and should be denied.

Pruitt included assumptions for projected utilization and financial proformas that are questionable, with both higher than average and lower than average assumptions for a variety of variables which can skew comparative values. NCHH presents an extremely reasonable application based upon conservative projections and reasonable financials. NCHH projected utilization is based upon average historical utilization of home health services in the Mecklenburg County Service Area. NCHH financials are based upon the historical experience of a national home health provider, LHC Group, Inc.

NCHH also is the only applicant committed solely to the development of home health services in Mecklenburg County. Both Well Care and Pruitt propose services areas and projected volumes which include patients from Cabarrus and Union Counties.

In addition, as reflected in the following Comparative Analysis, the CON Application submitted by NCHH is a more reasonable alternative and should be approved.

North Carolina Home Health, LLC Mecklenburg County Medicare-certified Home Health Agency CON Review

COMPARATIVE ANALYSIS

Pursuant to N.C.G.S. 131E-183(a)(1) and the *2017 State Medical Facilities Plan* (*2017 SMFP*), only one new home health agency may be approved for Mecklenburg County in this review. Because each applicant proposes to develop a new home health agency in Mecklenburg County, all three applicants cannot be approved.

In the most recent competitive CON reviews for a Medicare-certified Home Health Agency in Mecklenburg County, in 2012 the CON Section utilized the following 11 comparative factors. NCHH believes several of these factors should be re-evaluated as applicable for this review and includes a discussion after the comparative factor. However, both Well Care and Pruitt were non-conforming to several review criteria, as discussed in the NCHH comments in opposition submitted on these two applications.

The following table summarizes the comparative analysis of the three proposals. Discussion following the table documents the reasons that NCHH should be approved for a new home health agency in Mecklenburg County. **Based upon the proposed comparative factors, NCHH is the most effective alternative.**

	Well Care Home Health of the Piedmont	North Carolina Home Health	PruittHealth Home Health
1. Projected Access by Medicare Recipients	1	2	3
2. Projected Access by Medicaid Recipients	1	2	3
3. Average Number of Visits per Unduplicated Patient	2	2	1
4. Average Net Patient Revenue per Visit	3	2	1
5. Average Net Patient Revenue per Unduplicated Patient	3	1	2
6. Average Total Operating Cost per Visit	1	2	3
7. Average Direct Care Cost per Visit	1	2	3
8. Average Administrative Cost per Visit	1	3	2
9. Ratio of Net Revenue per Visit to Average Total Operating Cost per	3	2	1
10. Average Direct Care Operating Costs per Visit as a Percentage of Average Total Operating Cost per Visit	2	3	1
11. Staffing (not comparable per discussion)	0	0	0
12. Projected Utilization and Market Share Comparison	3	1	2
13. Net Income Analysis	2	1	2
14. Duplicated to Unduplicated Patient Ratio	1	1	2
15. Gross Profit Margin	2	1	3
16. Medical Supply Cost	2	1	3
Total	28	26	32

As shown in this table, the project proposed by NCHH is the most effective alternative.

2012 Mecklenburg County Comparative Review Factors

1. Projected Access by Medicare Recipients:

The following table compares the Total Number of Duplicated Medicare Patients by each applicant provided in the second year of operation as reflected in Section VI.12. of the Application.

Total Medicare Patients – PY 2

Rank	Applicant	Total Number of Duplicated Patients	Number of Duplicated Medicare Patients	Duplicated Medicare Patients as a Percentage of Total Duplicated Patients
1	Well Care Home Health of the Piedmont	3,008	2,015	67.0%
2	North Carolina Home Health	1,320	1,068	80.9%
3	Pruitt Home Health	854	735	86.1%

Source: NCHH p.58; Well Care p.107; Pruitt p. 179

As reflected in the previous table, Well Care projects the highest number of Medicare patients, which based upon the CON Section's previous analysis would make them the most effective alternative. However, as discussed in the previous comments in opposition submitted by NCHH, Well Care projects unreasonably high market share and growth rates. As a result, Well Care in non-conforming to Criterion 3 as well as other review criteria.

Removing Well Care from the analysis results in NCHH being the most effective alternative.

2. Projected Access by Medicaid Recipients:

The following table compares the Total Number of Duplicated Medicaid Patients by each applicant provided in the second year of operation as reflected in Section VI.12. of the Application.

Total Medicaid Patients - PY 2

Rank	Applicant	Total Number of Duplicated Patients	Number of Duplicated Medicaid Patients	Duplicated Medicaid Patients as a Percentage of Total Duplicated Patients
1	Well Care Home Health of the Piedmont	3,008	451	15.0%
2	North Carolina Home Health	1,320	119	9.0%
3	Pruitt Home Health	854	41	4.8%

Source: NCHH p.58; Well Care p.107; Pruitt p. 179

Note: NCHH CON application has cut and paste error on p 47 regarding Duplicated Patient Visit Payor Mix, correct information is on p. 58 in Section VI and on pgs. 87, 88 in Proformas

As reflected in the previous table, Well Care projects the highest number of Medicaid patients, which based upon the CON Section's previous analysis would make them the most effective alternative. However, as discussed in the previous comments in opposition submitted by NCHH, Well Care projects unreasonably high market share and growth rates. As a result, Well Care in non-conforming to Criterion 3 as well as other review criteria.

Removing Well Care from the analysis results in NCHH being the most effective alternative.

3. Average Number of Visits per Unduplicated Patient:

North Carolina Home Health

The following table shows the average number of visits per unduplicated patient projected by each applicant in the second year of operation of the proposed home health agency.

Rank	Applicant	Total Number of Unduplicated Patients	Projected Number of Visits	Average Visits per Unduplicated Patient
1	Pruitt Home Health	598	15,352	25.7
2	Well Care Home Health of the Piedmont	898	19,095	21.3

7.943

381

Average Number of Visits per Unduplicated Patient - PY 2

Projected visits per patient were compared to historical Mecklenburg County utilization reflected in the NCHH CON Application in Exhibit 4, Table 15 on page 134. The visits per unduplicated patient projected by Pruitt are unreasonable and exceed the historical range of visits per unduplicated patient provided by Mecklenburg County certified agencies in FY 2015 as discussed in the comments in opposition submitted by NCHH on that project. Pruitt's overstated visits per unduplicated patient impact several of the comparative factors as discussed herein. In FY 2015, that range was from 13.1 visits per unduplicated patient to 24.4 visits per unduplicated patients, as reflected in the 2015 Annual Licensure Renewal Applications submitted by Mecklenburg County home health providers².

Removing Pruitt from the analysis results in NCHH and Well Care being comparable with only 0.5 visits per patient differential between the two. Based upon the historical analysis of visits per unduplicated patient included in NCHH Exhibit 4, Table 15 both Well Care and NCHH are well within the existing range for visits per patients.

As discussed in the comments in opposition submitted by NCHH, Well Care projects unreasonably high market share and growth rates resulting in unreasonable projected utilization. As a result, Well Care is non-conforming to Criterion 3 as well as other review criteria.

² Note that one provider in Mecklenburg County associated with a continuing care retirement community exceeded this range dramatically and was not included in the calculation of average or range for this variable. See Table 15 in Exhibit 4 in the NCHH CON application.

Well Care and NCHH are comparable on this variable.

Removing Well Care from the analysis results in NCHH being the most effective alternative.

4. Average Net Patient Revenue per Visit

Net revenue per visit in the second year of operation was calculated by dividing projected net revenue from Form B by the projected number of visits from Section IV. of the Application, as shown in the following table.

Net Revenue per Visit – PY 2

		Total Visits	Net Patient	Net Revenue per
Rank	Applicant	Patients	Revenue	Visit
1	Pruitt Home Health	15,352	\$2,130,688	\$138.79
2	North Carolina Home Health	7,943	\$1,170,139	\$147.32
3	Well Care Home Health of the Piedmont	19,095	\$3,072,264	\$160.89

The CON applications submitted by Well Care and Pruitt are non-conforming with multiple CON Review Criteria. In addition, as discussed in the comments in opposition for both applications, nursing salaries are considerably overstated in both financials. Decreasing nursing salaries to a level consistent with the market would increase the net revenue per visit reflected above. Therefore, this analysis is flawed for both Pruitt and Well Care and it is not reasonable to include in the comparative analysis.

5. Average Net Patient Revenue per Unduplicated Patient

Net revenue per unduplicated patient in the second year of operation was calculated by dividing projected net revenue from Form B by the projected number of unduplicated visits from Section IV. of the Application, as shown in the following table.

NCHH believes that analyzing net revenue per unduplicated patient is a more reasonable comparative. Visits per patient vary based upon the type of patient, the patient payor and the acuity of the patient. Net revenue per patient provides a better overall comparative of the patient revenue generated by proposed agency and the actual cost to the patient. The following table provides net revenue per unduplicated patient in the second year of operation utilizing projected net revenue from Form B and the projected number of unduplicated patients from Section IV. of the Application, as shown in the following table.

Net Patient Revenue per Unduplicated Patient – PY 2

Rank	Applicant	Total Unduplicated Patients	Net Patient Revenue	Net Revenue per Patient
1	North Carolina Home Health	381	\$1,170,139	\$3,071.23
2	Pruitt Home Health	598	\$2,130,688	\$3,563.02
3	Well Care Home Health of the Piedmont	898	\$3,072,264	\$3,421.23

NCHH projected the lowest net revenue per patient. NCHH adequately demonstrated that the financial feasibility of its proposal is based on reasonable and supported projections of operating costs and revenues.

The CON applications submitted by Well Care and Pruitt are non-conforming with multiple CON Review Criteria. As discussed in the comments in opposition for both applications, nursing salaries are considerably overstated in both financials. However, due to the higher number of patient visits projected for Pruitt, this would not decrease net patient revenue such that it would be less than NCHH.

Therefore, the CON application submitted by NCHH is the most effective alternative.

6. Average Total Operating Cost per Visit

The average total operating cost per visit in the second operating year was calculated by dividing projected operating costs from Form B by the total number of home health visits from Section IV. of the Application, as shown in the following table.

Average Total Operating Cost per Visit – PY 2

Rank	Applicant	Total Patient Visits	Total Operating Costs	Average Total Operating Cost per Visit
1	Well Care Home Health of the Piedmont	19,095	\$2,126,368	\$111.36
2	North Carolina Home Health	7,943	\$1,043,484	\$131.37
3	Pruitt Home Health	15,352	\$2,100,038	\$136.79

The CON applications submitted by Pruitt and Well Care are non-conforming with multiple CON Review Criteria. Please see NCHH's Comments in Opposition to those CON applications.

NCHH adequately demonstrated that the financial feasibility of its proposal is based on reasonable and supported projections of operating costs and revenues. Therefore, the CON application submitted by NCHH is the most effective alternative with regard to average operating cost per visit.

NCHH believes that analyzing total average cost per unduplicated patient is a more reasonable comparative. Visits per patient vary based upon the type of patient, the patient payor and the acuity of the patient. Total cost per patient provides a better overall comparative of patient costs associated with care and better reflects actual cost to the patient. The following table provides total cost per unduplicated patient in the second year of operation utilizing projected total costs from Form B and the projected number of unduplicated patients from Section IV. of the Application, as shown in the following table

Average Total Operating Cost per Unduplicated Patient – PY 2

Rank	Applicant	Total Unduplicated Patients	Total Operating Costs	Average Total Operating Cost per Patient
1	Well Care Home Health of the Piedmont	898	\$2,126,368	\$2,367.89
2	North Carolina Home Health	381	\$1,043,484	\$2,738.80
3	Pruitt Home Health	598	\$2,100,038	\$3,511.77

As reflected in the previous two tables, while the cost per visit by Pruitt appears to be close to that proposed by NCHH, the total cost per patient is considerably more expensive. The cost per patient and cost per visit projected by Well Care is slightly less than that projected by NCHH, however, Well Care projects significantly greater patients and visits based upon unreasonable assumptions as discussed in the Well Care comments in opposition submitted by NCHH.

Removing Well Care from the analysis due to non-conformity with Criterion (3) results in NCHH being the most effective alternative.

7. Average Direct Care Cost per Visit

The average direct care cost per visit in the second operating year was calculated by dividing projected direct care expenses from Form B by the total number of home health visits from Section IV. of the Application, as shown in the following table.

Average Direct Care Cost per Visit – PY 2

Rank	Applicant	Total Patient Visits	Total Direct Care Costs	Average Direct Care Cost per Visit
1	Well Care Home Health of the Piedmont	19,095	\$1,398,816	\$73.26
2	North Carolina Home Health	7,943	\$643,451	\$81.01
3	Pruitt Home Health	15,352	\$1,466,451*	\$95.52*

Source: Attachment 1 – Financial Proforma Analysis

The CON applications submitted by Pruitt and Well Care are non-conforming with multiple CON Review Criteria. Please see NCHH's Comments in Opposition to those CON applications.

NCHH adequately demonstrated that the financial feasibility of its proposal is based on reasonable and supported projections of operating costs and revenues. Therefore, the CON

^{*}Note that Pruitt administrative costs have been adjusted – 2% fee per discipline moved from direct to indirect cost in Attachment 1– Financial Proforma Analysis: and Pruitt HH Adjusted Direct and Indirect Costs

application submitted by NCHH is the most effective alternative with regard to average direct care cost per visit.

NCHH believes that analyzing total average direct cost per unduplicated patient is a more reasonable comparative. Visits per patient vary based upon the type of patient, the patient payor and the acuity of the patient. Total cost per patient provides a better overall comparative of the patient costs associated with care provided as a whole to the patient as proposed by the applicants and better reflects actual cost to the patient. The following table provides total cost per unduplicated patient in the second year of operation utilizing projected total costs from Form B and the projected number of unduplicated patients from Section IV. of the Application, as shown in the following table

Average Total Direct Operating Cost per Unduplicated Patient – PY 2

Rank	Applicant	Total Unduplicated Patients	Total Direct Operating Costs	Average Total Operating Cost per Patient
1	Well Care Home Health of the Piedmont	898	\$1,398,816	\$1,557.70
2	North Carolina Home Health	381	\$643,451	\$1,688.85
3	Pruitt Home Health	598	\$1,676,993	\$2,452.26*

Source: Attachment 1 - Financial Proforma Analysis

The total cost per patient and per visit projected by Well Care is slightly less than that projected by NCHH, however, Well Care projects significantly greater patients and visits based upon unreasonable assumptions as discussed in the Well Care comments in opposition submitted by NCHH.

Removing Well Care from the analysis due to non-conformity with Criterion (3) results in NCHH being the most effective alternative.

8. Average Administrative Cost per Visit

The average administrative cost per visit in the second operating year was calculated by dividing projected administrative expenses from Form B by the total number of home health visits from Section IV.1. of the Application, as shown in the following table.

Average Administrative Cost per Visit – PY 2

CON Application	Applicant	Total Patient Visits	Total Administrative Costs	Average Administrative Cost per Visit
1	Well Care Home Health of the Piedmont	19,095	\$727,552	\$38.10
2	Pruitt Home Health	15,352	\$633,587*	\$41.27*
3	North Carolina Home Health	7,943	\$400,033	\$50.36

Source: Attachment 1 – Financial Proforma Analysis

^{*}Note that Pruitt direct costs have been adjusted – 2% fee per discipline moved from direct to indirect cost in Attachment 1– Financial Proforma Analysis: and Pruitt HH Adjusted Direct and Indirect Costs

*Note that Pruitt administrative costs have been adjusted – 2% fee per discipline moved from direct to indirect cost in Attachment 1– Financial Proforma Analysis: and Pruitt HH Adjusted Direct and Indirect Costs

The CON applications submitted by Pruitt and Well Care are non-conforming with multiple CON Review Criteria. Please see NCHH's Comments in Opposition to those CON applications.

NCHH adequately demonstrated that the financial feasibility of its proposal is based on reasonable and supported projections of operating costs and revenues. Therefore, the CON application submitted by NCHH is the most effective alternative with regard to average direct care cost per visit.

9. Ratio of Net Revenue per Visit to Average Total Operating Cost per Visit

The ratio in the following table is calculated by dividing the net revenue per visit by the average total operating cost per visit.

Ratio of Net Revenue per Visit: Average Total Operating Cost per Visit – PY 2

Rank	Applicant	Net Revenue per Visit	Average Total Operating Cost per Visit	Ratio of Net Revenue to Average Total Operating Cost per Visit
1	Pruitt Home Health	\$138.79	\$136.79	1.02
2	North Carolina Home Health	\$147.32	\$131.37	1.12
3	Well Care Home Health of the Piedmont	\$160.89	\$111.36	1.44

The CON applications submitted by Pruitt and Well Care are non-conforming with multiple CON Review Criteria. Please see NCHH's Comments in Opposition to those CON applications.

NCHH adequately demonstrated that the financial feasibility of its proposal is based on reasonable and supported projections of operating costs and revenues. Therefore, the CON application submitted by NCHH is the most effective alternative regarding average direct care cost per visit.

Therefore, the application submitted by NCHH is the most effective alternative.

10. Average Direct Care Operating Costs per Visit as a Percentage of Average Total Operating Cost per Visit

The percentages in the following table are calculated by dividing the net revenue per visit by the average total operating cost per visit.

Average Direct Care Operating Costs per Visit as a Percentage of Average Total Operating Cost per Visit – PY 2

Rank	Applicant	Average Total Operating Cost per Visit	Average Direct Care Cost per Visit	Percent Direct of Total per Visit
1	Pruitt Home Health	\$136.79	\$95.52*	69.8%
2	Well Care Home Health of the Piedmont	\$111.36	\$73.26	65.8%
3	North Carolina Home Health	\$131.37	\$81.01	61.7%

Source: Attachment 1 – Financial Proforma Analysis

The CON applications submitted by Pruitt and Well Care are non-conforming with multiple CON Review Criteria. Please see NCHH's Comments in Opposition to those CON applications.

NCHH adequately demonstrated that the financial feasibility of its proposal is based on reasonable and supported projections of operating costs and revenues. Therefore, the CON application submitted by NCHH is the most effective alternative with regard to average direct care cost per visit.

11. Registered Nurse, Home Health Aide, and Licensed Practical Nurse Salaries in Project Year 2

Salaries are a significant contributing factor in recruitment and retention of staff. The following three tables compare the proposed annual salary for registered nurses, home health aides, and licensed practical nurses in the second operating year.

However, the following staffing tables reflect nursing salaries considerably greater than the market when compared to current information from Novant Health and Carolinas Healthcare System.

Annual Salary for Registered Nurse - PY 2

Rank	Applicant	Annual Salary
1	Pruitt Home Health	\$89,388
2	Well Care Home Health of the Piedmont	\$83,602
3	North Carolina Home Health	\$54,546

^{*}Note that Pruitt directs costs have been adjusted – 2% fee per discipline moved from direct to indirect cost in Attachment 1– Financial Proforma Analysis: and Pruitt HH Adjusted Direct and Indirect Costs

Annual Salary for Licensed Practice Nurse – PY 2

Rank	Applicant	Annual Salary
1	Pruitt Home Health	\$59,105
2	Well Care Home Health of the Piedmont	\$52,958
3	North Carolina Home Health	\$46,854

Annual Salary for Home Health Aide - PY 2

Rank	Applicant	Annual Salary
1	Pruitt Home Health	\$41,616
2	Well Care Home Health of the Piedmont	\$34,456
3	North Carolina Home Health	\$30,372

All of the above tables show NCHH as the lowest projected salary. However, NCHH based its salaries on the experience of its parent, LHC Group, Inc. one of the largest home health providers nationally, and input from Careerbuilders.com³, a national corporate salary database and recruiter.

As discussed below, salaries projected by both Pruitt and Well Care are significantly overstated when compared to existing Mecklenburg County healthcare providers. Both Novant Health and Carolinas Healthcare submitted CON Applications for projects on May 15, 2017. Both projects included projected salaries for nursing personnel including: RNs, LPNs and CNAs. NCHH compared the projected salaries used by existing providers in the market to those proposed by Well Care (Analysis included in Attachment 1 – Nursing Salary Comparison to 2017 CON's Submitted in Mecklenburg and Union Counties).

Well Care's projected salaries were 13% greater for RNs, to 6% greater for LPNs and 16 percent greater for CNAs. Pruitt's projected salaries were 21% greater for RNs, to 18% greater for LPNs and 44 percent greater for CNAs. **Therefore, salary assumptions utilized by Well Care and Pruitt are unreasonable.**

In addition, NCHH compared costs associated with the direct care of the patient for all three applicants using information included in Form B and total projected visits. The following table shows a comparison each of the three applicants direct cost to national averages.

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³Careerbuilders.com is an online employment website present in the United States, Canada, Europe and Asia. It is the largest online employment website in the United States. CareerBuilder.com provides labor market intelligence, talent management software, and other recruitment solutions, including online career search services for more than 1,900 partners as of March 2008, including 140 newspapers and portals such as AOL and MSN

Direct Expenses Comparison to National Averages

Skilled Nursing Visit	Visits	Direct Patient Expenses	Average per Visit	National Average	Percent of National Average
Well Care Home Health	8,001	\$663,449	\$83	\$94.00	88.2%
North Carolina Home Health	3,702	\$267,483	\$72	\$94.00	76.9%
PruittHealth Home Health	6,965	\$713,845	\$102	\$94.00	109.0%
Physical Therapy	Visits	Direct Patient Expenses	Average per Visit	National Average	Percent of National Average
Well Care Home Health	6,391	\$415,166	\$65	\$95.00	68.4%
North Carolina Home Health	2,885	\$223,522	\$77	\$95.00	81.6%
PruittHealth Home Health	5,449	\$463,142	\$85	\$95.00	89.5%
Occupational Therapy	Visits	Direct Patient Expenses	Average per Visit	National Average	Percent of National Average
Well Care Home Health	2,317	\$158,342	\$68	\$98.00	69.7%
North Carolina Home Health	754	\$65,159	\$86	\$98.00	88.2%
PruittHealth Home Health	1,875	\$159,351	\$85	\$98.00	86.7%
Speech Therapy	Visits	Direct Patient Expenses	Average per Visit	National Average	Percent of National Average
Well Care Home Health	459	\$43,908	\$96	\$112.00	85.4%
North Carolina Home Health	236	\$21,765	\$92	\$112.00	82.3%
PruittHealth Home Health	299	\$25,411	\$85	\$112.00	75.9%
Medical Social Worker	Visits	Direct Patient Expenses	Average per Visit	National Average	Percent of National Average
Well Care Home Health	374	\$29,055	\$78	\$158.00	49.2%
North Carolina Home Health	64	\$19,107	\$299	\$158.00	189.0%
PruittHealth Home Health	135	\$30,432	\$225	\$158.00	142.7%
Home Health Aide	Visits	Direct Patient Expenses	Average per Visit	National Average	Percent of National Average
Well Care Home Health	1,553	\$32,734	\$21	\$38.00	55.5%
North Carolina Home Health	301	\$12,109	\$40	\$38.00	105.9%
PruittHealth Home Health	629	\$46,890	\$75	\$38.00	196.2%

Source: Attachment 3 - Presentation by Simione P. 6 to NCHCHA Annual Convention

Less than 70% of national average highlighted in Red

Most effective provider highlighted in Yellow

As shown in the previous table, projected direct expenses by discipline for Well Care patients are less than 70% of the national average for four of six disciplines compared. Average direct costs for only nursing care and speech therapy patients exceeds 70% of national averages. NCHH used a 70% threshold for comparison as the national average would be weighted by home health services in much larger metro areas with high populations and higher salary expenses. Also, it should be noted, as discussed later in Criterion (7) that nursing salaries are overstated by 6% or more based upon actual salaries reflected in current CON Applications for projects in Mecklenburg and surrounding counties (analysis included in Attachment 1 - Nursing Salary Comparison to 2017 CON's Submitted in Mecklenburg and Union Counties).

NCHH was well within 70% of the national average for all disciplines and provided the highest level of direct care for OT, ST and MSW comparatively.

Because of the wide range of assumptions associated with salaries documented for Well Care and Pruitt, NCHH believes that this variable cannot be utilized as a comparative factor.

Additional Recommended Comparative Factors

NCHH recommends that the CON Section consider the following as comparative factors in this review.

12. Projected Utilization and Market Share Comparison

Both Pruitt and Well Care projected aggressive group in patients during the first two year of operation using unreasonable assumptions, as discussed in the comments in opposition in Criterion 3. As shown in the following table, NCHH projects the most reasonable grow based upon reasonable assumptions.

Projected Unduplicated Patients and Market Share

	2018	2019	2020	2021					
Total Projected Patients	19,345	20,194	21,081	22,007					
NCHH									
Projected Patients		281	381	489					
Growth Rate			35.6%	28.3%					
Market Share Analysis		1.4%	1.8%	2.2%					
Pruitt									
Projected Patients		238	598	PY 3 – No Projections					
Growth Rate			151.3%						
Market Share Analysis		1.2%	2.8%						
Well Care									

Projected Patients	449	898	1,163						
Projected Patients Growth Rate			1,163 30%						

Source: Total Projected Patients, NCHH CON application, Exhibit 4, Table 4, page 129; NCHH page 129; Pruitt page 135; Well Care page 58

As shown in the previous table NCHH reflects the most conservative growth rates and assumes the most conservative market share. As discussed in the comments in opposition, both Well Care and Pruitt projections are unreasonable.

NCHH is the most reasonable alternative.

13. Net Income Analysis

A more effective way to analyze financial viability is analyze net income. The following table summarized net income and profitability for the entire facility as well as per patient and per visit.

Mecklenburg County Home Health Applicants Net Income Analysis Gain (Loss), Gain (Loss) per Patient, Gain (Loss) per Visit, and Gain (Loss) as a Percentage of Revenue – PY 2

	NC Home		
Metric	Health	Well Care HH	Pruitt HH
Gain (Loss)	\$126,655.00	\$945,896.00	\$30,650.00
Gain (Loss) Per Patient	\$332.43	\$1,053.34	\$51.25
Gain (Loss) Per Visit	\$15.95	\$49.54	\$2.00
Gain (Loss) % Net revenue	10.8%	30.8%	1.4%
Ratio Net Revenue Per Visit to Total			
Cost Per Visit	1.12%	1.44%	1.01%
What is a reasonable return for a	Reasonable		
Home Health Agency??	margin	Too high	Too Low

Source: Attachment 1 - Financial Proforma Analysis

This analysis is important in determining overall financial stability of an agency; as well as reasonable and affordable cost to patients and third-party payors.

The NCHH return is reasonable and can continue to be a financial successful business. In addition, NCHH is affordable to the patients and third-party payors. NCHH is the most effective alternative.

Pruitt's return is very low and brings into question the financial success of the business. A 1% margin allows very little chances for error. If projections are off even slightly the financial success could be in doubt.

Well care's return is very high. It is possible that having the highest average patient charge will drive patients to look for more reasonable charges and to not use Well Care as projected. An overall 44% profit margin is exceeding high. This may be the result of understated direct costs discussed above.

Therefore, the application submitted by NCHH is the most effective alternative.

14. Duplicated to Unduplicated Patient Ratio

NCHH analyzed the three applicants to determine the reasonableness of projected costs and services by patient and visit. One key variable which impacts many of the above comparative factors and overall project assumptions is the duplicated to unduplicated patient ratio.

The following table compares the three applicants.

Metric	NC Home Health	Well Care HH	Pruitt HH
Duplicated Patients	1,320	3,008	854
Unduplicated Patients	381	898	598
Dup/Undup Patient Ratio	3.5	3.3	1.4

Source: Attachment 1 – Financial Proforma Analysis

Projected ratios were compared to historical Mecklenburg County utilization. As shown in the table included in the NCHH CON Application, Exhibit 4, Table 14 on page 133, the overall ratio for the county was 3.5:1 duplicated patients to unduplicated patients. Both NCHH and Well Care are sufficiently close to the average. However, Pruitt projects an only 1.4:1 unduplicated patient ratio which is not reasonable when compared to historical utilization.

Well Care and NCHH are comparable on this variable.

15. Gross Profit Margin

An analysis of gross profit margin is where any financial analysis of home health agency feasibility should begin, according to Simione Financial Monitor⁴, a national benchmarking group. NCHH utilized information from a presentation done by Simione at the North Carolina Home Care Annual Convention to review gross profit margin compared to national benchmarks. Gross profit margin is direct patient revenue less direct patient expenses. The following table compares the three applicants in this review.

Gross Profit Margin

	NC Home Health	Well Care HH	Pruitt HH
Total Patient Revenue	\$1,170,139.00	\$3,072,264.00	\$2,130,688.00
Net Revenue Per Patient	\$3,071.23	\$3,421.23	\$3,563.02
Direct Cost	\$643,451.00	\$1,398,816.00	\$1,676,993.00
Gross Profit Margin Nat. Ave. 39.92%	45.0%	54.5%	21.3%

Source: Attachment 1 – Financial Proforma Analysis

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⁴ Simione Financial Monitor is an essential analytic and decision-making tool for today's reimbursement age. Simione has been in business since 2009.

Well Care has higher total patient revenue and net revenue per patient resulting in a higher gross profit margin. However, this is influenced by Well Care's aggressive utilization projections of patients and visits maybe understating the true cost of each.

Pruitt's gross profit margin is considerably less than the national benchmark of 39.92%, which, reflects a questionable financial success as discussed previously in the net income analysis included in comparative factor #9.

NCHH is in the middle by a large margin over Pruitt. NCHH has used more conservative projections for patients and visits. NCHH is a more effective alternative. In addition, the NCHH gross profit margin is closer the National Home Health Gross Profit Margin of 39.92% ((Net Pat. Revenue less Direct Cost) divided by net Pat. Revenue). Gross Margin is where one needs to start any financial analysis.

Therefore, NCHH is the most effective alternative for this factor.

16. Medical Supply Cost

NCHH compared costs associated with the direct care of the patient for all three applicants. The following table shows a comparison of medical supplies for the three applicants based on each applicant's Proforma statements, compared to national averages.

Medical Supplies Comparison to National Averages

Medical Supplies	Visits	Direct Patient Medical Supply Expenses	Avg per Visit	National Avg	Percent of National Avg
Well Care Home Health of the Piedmont	19,095	\$56,162	\$2.94	\$3.35	87.8%
North Carolina Home Health	7,943	\$24,418	\$3.07	\$3.35	91.8%
PruittHealth Home Health	15,352	\$24,483	\$1.59	\$3.35	47.6%

Source: Attachment 3 - Presentation by Simione P. 6 to NCHCHA Annual Convention

Less than 70% of national average highlighted in Red

Most effective provider highlighted in Yellow

NCHH is the most comparable to the national benchmark in this analysis.

Therefore, NCHH is the most effective alternative for this factor.

Financial Proforma Comparison Project Year 2

The tables in Attachment 1 compare the three applications on basic financial measures. Values highlighted in yellow represent the projects at the high end of each comparative metric and values highlighted in blue represent the two projects at the low end of each comparative metric. As reflected in Attachment 1, NCHH is based upon reasonable assumptions in the middle of the range for each metric.

Well Care and Pruitt included assumptions for projected utilization and financial proformas that are questionable, with both higher than average and lower than average assumptions for a variety of variables which skew the above comparative values. NCHH presents an extremely reasonable application based upon conservative projections and reasonable financials. NCHH projected utilization is based upon average historical utilization of home health services in the Mecklenburg County Service Area. NCHH financials are based upon the historical experience of a national home health provider, LHC Group, Inc.

Conclusion

As discussed in these comments in opposition and comparative analysis, both the Well Care and Pruitt applications contain issues related to high and low values. This is illustrated by the net income analysis provided in #9 in the Comparative Analysis.

NCHH also is the only applicant committed solely to the development of home health services in Mecklenburg County. Both Well Care and Pruitt propose services areas and projected volumes which include patients from Cabarrus and Union Counties.

NCHH projections and financials are based upon solid, conservative projections targeted to the residents of Mecklenburg County; beginning slowly, targeting a large Medicare and Medicaid population, with 90% of total patients and 95% of total visits. Median values for many of the comparative factors reflect the consistency of both the utilization and financial projections.

NCHH clearly is the most effective alternative with steady growth and reasonable financial projections based upon a solid national foundation of experience of LHC Group, Inc.

R1 / R2 R3 / R2	# Duplicated Patients Unduplicated Patients Total Patient Visits Dup/Undup Ratio Visits per Patient **NCMM and WCHH are very close to the s % Duplicated Medicare Patients % Duplicated Medicaid Patients	NC Home Health 1,320 381 7,943 3.5 20.8 same average. PHH is	Well Care HH 3,008 898 19,095 3.3 21.3 b higher than most a	Pruitt HH 854 598 15,352 1.4 25.7 and out of expected	Well Care projected patients a unreasonable and unsupporte Pruitt Inconsistent with histori volumes; see discussion in CIC Pruitt inconsistent with histori volumes; see discussion in CIC	d; see discussion in CIO ical Mecklenburg County U ical Mecklenburg County U	Jtilization resulting in o	verstated projected
R1 / R2 R3 / R2	# Duplicated Patients Unduplicated Patients Total Patient Visits Dup/Undup Ratio Visits per Patient **NCMM and WCHH are very close to the s % Duplicated Medicare Patients	1,320 381 7,943 3.5 20.8 ame average. PHH is	3,008 898 19,095 3.3	854 598 15,352 1.4	Well Care projected patients a unreasonable and unsupporte Pruitt Inconsistent with histori volumes; see discussion in CIC Pruitt inconsistent with histori volumes; see discussion in CIC	NC Home Health P. 47 Step 8 P. 47 Step 8 P. 47 Step 8 P. 47 Step 8 re unreasonable and unsud; see discussion in CIO cal Mecklenburg County Union Cal Mecklenburg Cal Mecklenburg County Union Cal Mecklenburg C	P. 75 P. 76 P. 75 upported therefore, pro	P. 131 P. 135 P. 160 jected financials are
R1 / R2 R3 / R2	Unduplicated Patients Total Patient Visits Dup/Undup Ratio Visits per Patient **NCMM and WCHH are very close to the s % Duplicated Medicare Patients	1,320 381 7,943 3.5 20.8 ame average. PHH is	898 19,095 3.3 21.3	598 15,352 1.4 25.7	unreasonable and unsupporte Pruitt Inconsistent with histori volumes; see discussion in CIC Pruitt inconsistent with histori volumes; see discussion in CIC	P. 47 Step 8 P. 47 Step 8 P. 47 Step 8 Pre unreasonable and unsuit; see discussion in CIO ical Mecklenburg County United Mecklenburg County United Mecklenburg County United Mecklenburg County United Mecklenburg County Un	P. 75 P. 76 P. 75 upported therefore, pro	P. 135 P. 160 jected financials are
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R1 / R2 R3 / R2	Total Patient Visits Dup/Undup Ratio Visits per Patient **NCMM and WCHH are very close to the s % Duplicated Medicare Patients	3.5 20.8 ame average. PHH is	3.3	1.4	unreasonable and unsupporte Pruitt Inconsistent with histori volumes; see discussion in CIC Pruitt inconsistent with histori volumes; see discussion in CIC	P. 47 Step 8 are unreasonable and unsuit; see discussion in CIO ical Mecklenburg County U cal Mecklenburg County U	upported therefore, pro	jected financials are verstated projected
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R3 / R2	Visits per Patient **NCMM and WCHH are very close to the s % Duplicated Medicare Patients	20.8 ame average. PHH is	21.3	25.7	volumes; see discussion in CIC Pruitt inconsistent with histori volumes; see discussion in CIC	cal Mecklenburg County u		
R3 / R2	Visits per Patient **NCMM and WCHH are very close to the s % Duplicated Medicare Patients	20.8 ame average. PHH is	21.3	25.7	Pruitt inconsistent with histori volumes; see discussion in CIC	cal Mecklenburg County u	itilization resulting in ov	erstated projected
	**NCMM and WCHH are very close to the s % Duplicated Medicare Patients	ame average. PHH is			volumes; see discussion in CIC		time at the state of the state	crotated projected
	**NCMM and WCHH are very close to the s % Duplicated Medicare Patients	ame average. PHH is						
	% Duplicated Medicare Patients				range for Mecklenburg County			
		90 Q%			lange to meaning and general			
			67.0%	86.1%	Highest	P. 50 Step 10	P. 107	P. 179
	/ Dap cated cated a . attents	9.0%	15.0%	4.8%	Highest	P. 50 Step 10	P. 107	P. 179
1.2 - 1.0	% Dup. Medicare/Medicaid	89.9%	82.0%	90.9%	Highest	1150 0100 20		
	76 Bupt medical cymedical a	03.370	02.070	30.370	- Ingress			
	% Duplicated Medicare Visits	88.2%	79.8%	88.5%	Highest	P. 50 Step 10	P. 107	P. 179
	% Duplicated Medicaid Visits	6.6%	7.8%	3.1%	Highest	P. 50 Step 10	P. 107	P. 179
						1150 0100 20		
113 - 110	70 Bup. Medicare/Medicard	34.070	07.070	31.070	riigiiese			
	Projected New Patients SMEP	561	586	611		NCHH Exhibit 4 n 129		
	•					•		
no / nii	Share of Frojected New Fatients	07.570	133.270	37.370		WOTH EXHIBIT 4 P 125		
	Net Patient Revenue	\$ 1.170.139.00	\$ 3.072.264.00	\$ 2.130.688.00		Form B	Form B	Form B
						+		Form C
								Form C
	•		,	, ,,	•	. ,	,	,
		t but significantly mo	ore visits per patient	negating any savin	gs to patients or payors.			
	Direct Cost	\$ 643,451.00	\$ 1,398,816.00	\$ 1,676,993.00		Form B	Form B	Form B
R17 / R2	Direct Cost Per Patient	\$ 1,688.85	\$ 1,557.70	\$ 2,804.34	Lowest	Form C	Form C	Form C
•					Pruitt included clinical service	fees in direct costs. These	e costs are not direct to	patient care but are
	Adjusted Direct Cost Per Patient - See							•
	Pruitt CIO			\$ 2,452.26	costs; see discussion in CIO			
R17 / R3	Direct Cost Per Visit	\$ 81.01	\$ 73.26			Form C	Form C	Form C
,			·		Pruitt included clinical service	fees in direct costs. These	costs are not direct to	patient care but are
	Adjusted Direct Cost Per Visit - See				management fees of 2% per d	iscipline resulting in overs	tated direct costs and u	nderstated indirect
	Pruitt CIO			\$ 95.52		,		
15 - R17) /								
	Gross Profit Margin Nat. Ave. 39.92%	45.0%	54.5%	21.3%	Most Reasonable	Presentation by Simione	P. 6 to NCHHCA Annual	Convention
	**WCHH has a lower direct cost per patient	t and per visit, NCHH	I is slightly higher. W	lith WCHH less con:	servative estimates on patients	and visits maybe understa	ting the true cost of each	h.
		•	<u> </u>		·	,		
	**NCHH is in second place by a large margi	n over PHH in direct	cost per patient and	d per visit. NCHH ha	s used a more conservative esti	mates on patients and visi	it. NCHH is a more effec	tive alternative.
			• •	•		•		
	** NCHH is closer the National Home Healt	th Gross Profit Margi	in 39.92% ((Net Pat	Revenue less Direct	t Cost) divided by net Pat. Rever	nue). Gross Margin is whe	re one needs to start an	v financial analysis
					, aa.a ay neer at Nevel	, 5. 555a. 6 15 WIICI		,a.i.c.a. anarysisi,
R	8 / R11 17 / R2 17 / R3	Projected New Patients SMFP 8 / R11 Share of Projected New Patients Net Patient Revenue Net Revenue Per Patient Net Revenue Per Visit ** NCHH has the lowest net revenue per ur cost to payor.) ** PHH has the lowest net revenue per visit Direct Cost 17 / R2 Direct Cost Per Patient Adjusted Direct Cost Per Patient - See Pruitt CIO 17 / R3 Direct Cost Per Visit Adjusted Direct Cost Per Visit - See Pruitt CIO 5 - R17) / R14 Gross Profit Margin Nat. Ave. 39.92% **WCHH has a lower direct cost per patient ** NCHH is in second place by a large margi ** NCHH is closer the National Home Healt	Projected New Patients SMFP 561 8 / R11 Share of Projected New Patients 67.9% Net Patient Revenue \$ 1,170,139.00 Net Revenue Per Patient \$ 3,071.23 Net Revenue Per Visit \$ 147.32 ** NCHH has the lowest net revenue per unduplicated patient v cost to payor.) ** PHH has the lowest net revenue per visit but significantly module for the cost of the payor.) Direct Cost \$ 643,451.00 17 / R2 Direct Cost Per Patient \$ 1,688.85 Adjusted Direct Cost Per Patient \$ 1,688.85 Adjusted Direct Cost Per Visit \$ 81.01 Adjusted Direct Cost Per Visit \$ 81.01 ** Adjusted Direct Cost Per Visit - See Pruitt CIO 17 / R3 Direct Cost Per Visit \$ 81.01 ** WCHH has a lower direct cost per patient and per visit, NCHI- **NCHH is in second place by a large margin over PHH in direct ** NCHH is closer the National Home Health Gross Profit Margin ** NCHH is closer the National Home Health Gross Profit Margin	Projected New Patients SMFP 561 586 8 / R11 Share of Projected New Patients 67.9% 153.2% Net Patient Revenue \$ 1,170,139.00 \$ 3,072,264.00 Net Revenue Per Patient \$ 3,071.23 \$ 3,421.23 Net Revenue Per Visit \$ 147.32 \$ 160.89 ** NCHH has the lowest net revenue per unduplicated patient which save the patiencost to payor.) ** PHH has the lowest net revenue per visit but significantly more visits per patient Direct Cost \$ 643,451.00 \$ 1,398,816.00 17 / R2 Direct Cost Per Patient \$ 1,688.85 \$ 1,557.70 Adjusted Direct Cost Per Patient - See Pruitt CIO 17 / R3 Direct Cost Per Visit \$ 81.01 \$ 73.26 Adjusted Direct Cost Per Visit - See Pruitt CIO 5 - R17) / R14 Gross Profit Margin Nat. Ave. 39.92% 45.0% 54.5% **WCHH has a lower direct cost per patient and per visit, NCHH is slightly higher. W **NCHH is in second place by a large margin over PHH in direct cost per patient and	Projected New Patients SMFP 561 586 611 8 / R11 Share of Projected New Patients 67.9% 153.2% 97.9% Net Patient Revenue \$ 1,170,139.00 \$ 3,072,264.00 \$ 2,130,688.00 Net Revenue Per Patient \$ 3,071.23 \$ 3,421.23 \$ 3,563.02 Net Revenue Per Visit \$ 147.32 \$ 160.89 \$ 138.79 **NCHH has the lowest net revenue per unduplicated patient which save the patient and 3rd party patient to payor.) **PHH has the lowest net revenue per visit but significantly more visits per patient negating any savin Direct Cost \$ 643,451.00 \$ 1,398,816.00 \$ 1,676,993.00 17 / R2 Direct Cost Per Patient \$ 1,688.85 \$ 1,557.70 \$ 2,804.34 Adjusted Direct Cost Per Patient - See Pruitt CIO \$ 2,452.26 17 / R3 Direct Cost Per Visit \$ 81.01 \$ 73.26 \$ 109.24 Adjusted Direct Cost Per Visit - See Pruitt CIO \$ 95.52 5 - R17) / R14 Gross Profit Margin Nat. Ave. 39.92% 45.0% 54.5% 21.3% **WCHH has a lower direct cost per patient and per visit, NCHH is slightly higher. With WCHH less con **NCHH is in second place by a large margin over PHH in direct cost per patient and per visit. NCHH ha **NCHH is closer the National Home Health Gross Profit Margin 39.92% ((Net Pat. Revenue less Direct)	Projected New Patients SMFP 561 586 611 8 / R11 Share of Projected New Patients 67.9% 153.2% 97.9% Net Patient Revenue \$ 1,170,139.00 \$ 3,072,264.00 \$ 2,130,688.00 Net Revenue Per Patient \$ 3,071.23 \$ 3,421.23 \$ 3,563.02 Lowest Net Revenue Per Visit \$ 147.32 \$ 160.89 \$ 138.79 Lowest *** NCHH has the lowest net revenue per unduplicated patient which save the patient and 3rd party payor money. Most effective fron cost to payor.) *** PHH has the lowest net revenue per visit but significantly more visits per patient negating any savings to patients or payors. Direct Cost \$ 643,451.00 \$ 1,398,816.00 \$ 1,676,993.00 17 / R2 Direct Cost Per Patient \$ 1,688.85 \$ 1,557.70 \$ 2,804.34 Lowest Pruitt included clinical service management fees of 2% per death of costs; see discussion in CIO 17 / R3 Direct Cost Per Visit \$ 81.01 \$ 73.26 \$ 109.24 Lowest Adjusted Direct Cost Per Visit \$ 81.01 \$ 73.26 \$ 109.24 Lowest Pruitt included clinical service management fees of 2% per death of costs; see discussion in CIO \$ 2,452.26 costs; see discussion in CIO \$ 95.52 Costs; see discussion in CIO \$ 95.52 Lowest Pruitt included clinical service management fees of 2% per death of costs; see discussion in CIO \$ 95.52 Lowest Pruitt included clinical service management fees of 2% per death of costs; see discussion in CIO \$ 95.52 Lowest Pruitt included clinical service management fees of 2% per death of costs; see discussion in CIO \$ 95.52 Lowest Pruitt included clinical service management fees of 2% per death of costs; see discussion in CIO \$ 8 - R17) / R14 Gross Profit Margin Nat. Ave. 39.92% 45.0% 54.5% 21.3% Most Reasonable **WCHH has a lower direct cost per patient and per visit, NCHH is slightly higher. With WCHH less conservative estimates on patients **NCHH is closer the National Home Health Gross Profit Margin 39.92% ((Net Pat. Revenue less Direct Cost) divided by net Pat. Revenue less Direct Cost) divided by net Pat. Revenue less Direct Cost) divided by net Pat. Revenue less Direct Cost)	Projected New Patients SMFP 561 586 611 NCHH Exhibit 4 p 129 8 / R11 Share of Projected New Patients 67.9% 153.2% 97.9% NCHH Exhibit 4 p 129 Net Patient Revenue \$ 1,170,139.00 \$ 3,072,264.00 \$ 2,130,688.00 Form B Net Revenue Per Patient \$ 3,071.23 \$ 3,421.23 \$ 3,553.02 Lowest Form C Net Revenue Per Visit \$ 147.32 \$ 160.89 \$ 138.79 Lowest Form C ** NCHH has the lowest net revenue per unduplicated patient which save the patient and 3rd party payor money. Most effective from payors side. Both WCHI cost to payor.) ** PPHH has the lowest net revenue per visit but significantly more visits per patient negating any savings to patients or payors. Direct Cost Per Patient \$ 1,688.85 \$ 1,557.70 \$ 2,804.34 Lowest Form C Adjusted Direct Cost Per Patient - See Pruitt CIO Direct Cost Per Visit \$ 81.01 \$ 73.26 \$ 109.24 Lowest Form C Pruitt included clinical service fees in direct costs. These management fees of 2% per discipline resulting in overs costs; see discussion in CIO 17 / R3 Direct Cost Per Visit - See Pruitt CIO \$ 95.52	Projected New Patients SMFP 561 586 611 NCHH Exhibit 4 p 129 NCHH Exhibi

23		Indirect Cost	\$	400,033.00	\$	727,552.00	\$	423,045.00		Form B	Form B	Form B
24	R23 / R2	Indirect Cost Per Patient	\$	1,049.96	\$	810.19	\$	707.43	Lowest (Adj)	Form C	Form C	Form C
									Pruitt included clinical service	fees in direct costs. The	se costs are not direct to	o patient care but are
		Adjusted Indirect Cost Per Patient -							management fees of 2% per di	scipline resulting in over	rstated direct costs and	understated indirect
25		See Pruitt CIO					\$	1,059.51	costs; see discussion in CIO			
26	R23 / R3	Indirect Cost Per Visit	\$	50.36	\$	38.10	\$	27.56	Lowest (Adj)	Form C	Form C	Form C
									Pruitt included clinical service	fees in direct costs. The	se costs are not direct to	patient care but are
		Adjusted Indirect Cost Per Visit -							management fees of 2% per di	scipline resulting in over	rstated direct costs and	understated indirect
27		See Pruitt CIO					\$	41.27	costs; see discussion in CIO			
28	R24 / R28	Indirect Cost % Total Cost		38.3%		34.2%		20.1%		Form C	Form C	Form C
29	R26 / R28	Adjusted Indirect Cost % Total Cost						30.2%	Lowest	Form C	Form C	Form C
30		Total Cost	\$	1,043,484.00	\$	2,126,368.00	\$	2,100,038.00		Form B	Form B	Form B
31	R30 / R2	Total Cost Per Patient	\$	2,738.80	\$	2,367.89	\$	3,511.77	Lowest	Form C	Form C	Form C
32	R30 / R3	Total Cost Per Visit	\$	131.37	\$	111.36	\$	136.79	Lowest	Form C	Form C	Form C
33	R30 / R14	Total Cost % Net Revenue		89.2%		69.2%		98.6%		Form C	Form C	Form C
		**WCHH has a lower total cost per patient	and p	er visit, NCHH	is sli	ghtly higher. Wi	ith \	WCHH less conse	rvative estimates on patients a	nd visits maybe understa	ating the true cost of ea	ch.
		**NCHH is in second place by a large marg	in over	r PHH in total o	ost	per patient. NCI	ΗН	has used a more	conservative estimates on patie	ents and visit. NCHH is a	more effective alternat	ive.
34	R14 - R30	Gain (Loss)	\$	126,655.00	\$	945,896.00	\$	30,650.00		Form B	Form B	Form B
35	R34 / R2	Gain (Loss) Per Patient	\$	332.43	\$	1,053.34	\$	51.25		Form C	Form C	Form C
36	R34 / R3	Gain (Loss) Per Visit	\$	15.95	\$	49.54	\$	2.00	Most Effective	Form C	Form C	Form C
37	R34 / R14	Gain (Loss) % Net revenue		10.8%		30.8%		1.4%		Form C	Form C	Form C
		Ratio Net Revenue Per Visit to Total Cost										
38	R16 / R32	Per Visit		1.12%		1.44%		1.01%		Form C	Form C	Form C
		**What is a reasonable return for a Home										
		Health Agency??	Ni	ice margin		Too high		Too Low	Most Reasonable			
		** NCHH return is reasonable and can cont	tinue t	o be a financia	l suc	cessful business	and	d affordable to th	e patients and 3rd party payors	s. NCHH is a more effect	tive alternative.	•
		** PHH return is very low an brings into qu	estion	if it can be a f	inan	cial sucessful bu	ısin	ess. One too low	, One way too high, Nice margi	n		
		** WCHH return is very high and with the h	highest	t patient charg	e wi	II patients look t	for	more reasonable	charges and not use WCHH.			

				Staffing Anal	ysis				
			NC Home Health	Well Care HH	Pruitt HH	NCHH CON Application p64	NC Home Health	Well Care HH	Pruitt HH
39						245 Days per Year			
40		Registered Nurse FTE's	3.00	3.10	4.47	5.0	P. 65	P. 112	P. 193
41		Licensed Practical Nurse FTE's	0.00	2.40	0.50	5.9	P. 65	P. 112	P. 193
42		Home Health Aide FTE's	0.40	0.95	0.84	5.2	P. 65	P. 112	P. 193
43		Physical Therapist FTE's	2.00	2.25	0.40	5.4	P. 65	P. 112	P. 193
44	R40 * R39	Registered Nurse # Visits	3,675	3,797.50	5,475.75		Form C	Form C	Form C
45		Licensed Practical Nurse Visits	0	3,469.20	722.75		Form C	Form C	Form C
46		Home Health Aide Visits	509.60	1,210.30	1,070.16		Form C	Form C	Form C
47		Physical Therapist Visits	2,646	2,976.75	529.20		Form C	Form C	Form C
48		Registered Nurse # Visits PRN Contract	33	0	471.60		Form B	Form B	
49		Licensed Practical Nurse Visits	0	0	281.38		Form B	Form B	
50		Home Health Aide Visits	0	0	0.00		Form B	Form B	
51		PRN Contract / LPTA	239	2,513.70	5,448.73		Form B	P.112 & Form B	P. 194, 227
52		RN Nursing Visits (Staff and PRN Contract)	3,702	8,001	6,268.50		P. 52	P. 75	P. 160, 193
53		LPN Nursing Visits (Staff and PRN Contract)	0	0,001	696.50		P. 52	P. 75	1.100,13
54		HHA Nursing Visits	301	1,553	629		P. 52	P. 75	
55		PT Visits (Staff and PRN Contract)	2,885	6,391	5,449		P. 52	P. 75	
	R44 + R48 -								
56	R52	Over / Short RN	6.00	-4,203.50	-321.15		Form C		
	R45 + R49 -			,					
57	R53	Over / Short LPN	0.00	3,469.20	307.63		Form C		
	R46 + R50 -			·					
58	R54	Over / Short HHA	208.60	-342.70	441.16		Form C		
	R47 + R51 -	·							
59	R55	Over / Short PT Uses LPTA	0.00	-900.55	528.93		Form C		
				Not enough staff					
					Less Qualified Staff				
		***Using productivity visits information from vacation and 5 days holidays) times staffed FT		nal Association for H	lome Care & Hospic	e per 8 Hours standards, and 2	45 worked days pe	er year (less 14	days
		** NCHH has covered all vissit with employed		taff ner the standar	ds ** The applicat	ion submitted by NCHH is the i	most effective in th	nis review	
	+	** PHH is short 321.2 RN visits. If PHH uses LPI							
	+	** WCHH is short 4203.5 RN visits. If WCHH us					nel		
		** WCHH is short 342.7 Home Health Aide's vi		5.2 m visits, vvciiii	15 5611 51101 € 754.5 €	ists with lesser qualified perso	J. 1		
	1	** WCHH is short 900.55 Physical Therapy vis		to cover 2513 7 P	L Tivisits with lesser (ualified personel			

Visits	per Day per Disci	pline	
Position	NCHH	Well Care	Pruitt
Registered Nurse	5.0	5.03	5.4
LPN	5.9	6.51	5.4
Physical Therapy	5.4	5.5	6.0
LPTA	0	6.51	0.0
Occupational Therapy	5.3	5.5	7.0
СОТА	0	6.51	0.0
Speech Therapy	5.4	4.5	5.0
Medical Social Worker	3.5	4.5	1.3
Home Health Aide	5.2	6.51	2.9

Note: Nursing, PT and OT reflect over 90% of total visits

Use o	f Contract Emplo	yees	
	NC Home Health	Well Care HH	Pruitt HH
Registered Nurse FTE's	3.00	3.10	4.47
Licensed Practical Nurse FTE's	0.00	2.40	0.50
Home Health Aide FTE's	0.40	0.95	0.84
Physical Therapist FTE's	2.00	2.25	0.40
Avai			
Registered Nurse # Visits	3,675	3,797.50	5,475.75
Licensed Practical Nurse Visits	0	3,469.20	722.75
Home Health Aide Visits	509.60	1,210.30	1,070.16
Physical Therapist Visits	2,646	2,976.75	529.20
Registered Nurse # Visits PRN Contract	33	0	471.60
Licensed Practical Nurse Visits	0	0	281.38
Home Health Aide Visits	0	0	0.00
PRN Contract / LPTA	239	2,513.70	5,448.73

Direct Ex	kpenses Co	mparison	to I	Nationa	l A	verages	-		
Chille d Novembre 2 Viola	Minis	Percent of		ect Patient			ı	National	Percent of
Skilled Nursing Visit Well Care Home Health of the Piedmont	Visits	Total Visits	\$	663,449	\$	g per Visit	\$	Avg 94.00	National Avg
North Carolina Home Health	8,001	41.9%	\$		\$	83 72	\$		88.2%
	3,702	46.6%	\$	267,483	\$		\$	94.00	76.9%
PruittHealth Home Health	6,965	45.4%	<u> </u>	713,845	Ş	102	<u> </u>	94.00	109.0%
Dhariaal Tharassa	Visita	Percent of		ect Patient		a nou Visit		National	Percent of National Avg
Physical Therapy	Visits	Total Visits		xpenses		g per Visit	\$	Avg	
Well Care Home Health of the Piedmont	6,391	33.5%	\$	415,166	\$	65	•	95.00	68.4%
North Carolina Home Health	2,885	36.3%	\$	223,522	\$	77	\$	95.00	81.6%
PruittHealth Home Health	5,449	35.5%	\$	463,142	\$	85	\$	95.00	89.5%
		Percent of Total Visits		ect Patient		Avg per	ı	National	Percent of
Occupational Therapy	Visits		_	xpenses		Visit		Avg	National Avg
Well Care Home Health of the Piedmont	2,317	12.1%	\$	158,342		68	\$	98.00	69.7%
North Carolina Home Health	754	9.5%	\$	65,159	\$	86	\$	98.00	88.2%
PruittHealth Home Health	1,875	12.2%	\$	159,351	\$	85	\$	98.00	86.7%
		Percent of		ect Patient			ı	National	Percent of
Speech Therapy	Visits	Total Visits		xpenses		g per Visit		Avg	National Avg
Well Care Home Health of the Piedmont	459	2.4%	\$	43,908	\$	96	\$	112.00	85.4%
North Carolina Home Health	236	3.0%	\$	21,765	\$	92	\$	112.00	82.3%
PruittHealth Home Health	299	1.9%	\$	25,411	\$	85	\$	112.00	75.9%
		Percent of		ect Patient			ı	National	Percent of
Medical Social Worker	Visits	Total Visits		xpenses		g per Visit		Avg	National Avg
Well Care Home Health of the Piedmont	374	2.0%	\$	29,055	\$	78	\$	158.00	49.2%
North Carolina Home Health	64	0.8%	\$	19,107	\$	299	\$	158.00	189.0%
PruittHealth Home Health	135	0.9%	\$	30,432	\$	225	\$	158.00	142.7%
		Percent of	Dir	ect Patient			1	National	Percent of
Home Health Aide	Visits	Total Visits	E	xpenses	Αv	g per Visit		Avg	National Avg
Well Care Home Health of the Piedmont	1,553	8.1%	\$	32,734	\$	21	\$	38.00	55.5%
North Carolina Home Health	301	3.8%	\$	12,109	\$	40	\$	38.00	105.9%
PruittHealth Home Health	629	4.1%	\$	46,890	\$	75	\$	38.00	196.2%
		Percent of	Dir	ect Patient			ı	National	Percent of
Medical Supplies	Visits	Total Visits	E	xpenses	Αv	g per Visit		Avg	National Avg
Well Care Home Health of the Piedmont	19,095		\$	56,162	\$	2.94	\$	3.35	87.8%
North Carolina Home Health	7,943		\$	24,418	\$	3.07	\$	3.35	91.8%
PruittHealth Home Health	15,352		\$	24,483	\$	1.59	\$	3.35	47.6%

Source of National Averages - Presentation by Simione P. 6 to NCHHCA Annual Convention Less than 70% of national average highlighted in Red

Pruitt HH Adjusted Direct and Indirect Costs										
		Proforma	Indirect		Adjusted					
		Data	Clinical Fees							
# Duplicated Patients		854	854		854					
Unduplicated Patients		598	598		598					
Total Patient Visits		15352	15352		15352					
Gross Patient Revenue	\$	2,963,921.00								
Gross Revenue Per Unduplicated Pt.	\$	4,956.39								
Gross Revenue Per Visit	\$	193.06								
Net Patient Revenue	\$	2,130,688.00								
Net Revenue Per Patient	\$	3,563.02								
Net Revenue Per Visit	\$	138.79								
Net Patient Revenue % Gross Revenue		71.9%								
Direct Cost	\$	1,676,993.00	210542	\$1	,466,451.00					
Direct Cost Per Patient	\$	2,804.34		\$	2,452.26					
Direct Cost Per Visit	\$	109.24		\$	95.52					
Indirect Cost	\$	423,045.00	210542	\$	633,587.00					
Indirect Cost Per Patient	\$	707.43		\$	1,059.51					
Indirect Cost Per Visit	\$	27.56		\$	41.27					

Nursing Salary Comparison to 2017 CON's Submitted in Mecklenburg and Union Counties Provider Staffing 2020 2020 Percent **Analysis** Pruitt CNA 41,616 143.8% Much Higher than Existing Wellcare 34,456 119.1% Much Higher than Existing CNA NCHH CNA 29,390 101.6% **NH Union CON** 28,935 CNA **Used for Comparison** CHS Huntersville CON CNA LPN 59,105 118.4% Much Higher than Existing Pruitt Wellcare LPN 52,958 106.1% Much Higher than Existing **CHS Union CON** LPN 49,917 **Used for Comparison** NCHH LPN 45,489 91.1% Pruitt RN 89,388 121.4% Much Higher than Existing Wellcare RN 83,602 113.6% Much Higher than Existing **CHS Huntersville CON** 77,319 Average Used for RN **NH Union CON** 69,927 RN Comparison NCHH RN 52,957 71.9% **CHS Union CON** 45,777 RN

	Projected Visits By DisciplineCompared to Historical in Mecklenburg County												
Agency	Nursing	PT	ST	ОТ	MSW	ННА	Total Duplicated						
Total All HH Visits													
Mecklenburg County													
FFY 2015	153,160	122,559	10,340	33,561	2,775	10,561	332,956						
Percent	46.0%	36.8%	3.1%	10.1%	0.8%	3.2%	100.0%						
NCHH	3701	2885	236	754	64	301	7941						
Percent	46.6%	36.3%	3.0%	9.5%	0.8%	3.8%	100.0%						
Well Care	8001	6391	459	2317	374	1553	19095						
Percent	41.9%	33.5%	2.4%	12.1%	2.0%	8.1%	100.0%						
Pruitt	6965	5449	299	1875	135	629	15352						
Percent	45.4%	35.5%	1.9%	12.2%	0.9%	4.1%	100.0%						

	Well Care Home Health of the Piedmont	North Carolina Home Health	PruittHealth Home Health
Projected Access by Medicare Recipients	1	2	3
	_	_	
2. Projected Access by Medicaid Recipients	1	2	3
3. Average Number of Visits per Unduplicated			
Patient	2	2	1
4. Average Net Patient Revenue per Visit	3	2	1
5. Average Net Patient Revenue per Unduplicated	3	1	2
6. Average Total Operating Cost per Visit	1	2	3
7. Average Direct Care Cost per Visit	1	2	3
8. Average Administrative Cost per Visit	1	3	2
9. Ratio of Net Revenue per Visit to Average Tota	3	2	1
10. Average Direct Care Operating Costs per			
Visit as a Percentage of Average Total Operating			
Cost per Visit	2	3	1
11. Staffing	0	0	0
12. Projected Utilization and Market Share Comp	3	1	2
13. Net Income Analysis	2	1	2
14. Duplicated to Unduplicated Patient Ratio	1	1	2
15. Gross Profit Margin	2	1	3
16. Medical Supply Cost	2	1	3
Total	28	26	32

Carolina	PruittHealth				
Home Health	Home Health				
1	2				
1	2				
2	1				
2	1				
1	2				
1	2				
1	2				
2	1				
2	1				
2	1				
0	0				
1	2				
1	2				
1	2				
1	2				
1	2				
20	25				

	Mecklenburg County and Wake County Market Share Comparison															
	Mecklenburg County															
			2011		2012			2013		2014			2015			
		D. P. J.	.	Cumulative	B. 11 1.	B	Cumulative	B. 12 1 .		Cumulative	6.1		Cumulative	B. P. L.		Cumulative
		Patients	Percent	Percent	Patients	Percent	Percent	Patients	Percent	Percent	Patients	Percent	Percent	Patients	Percent	Percent
1	Healthy at Home - CMC	4185			4725			5400			5431			2975		
	Healthy at Home - CMC		27.0%			29.6%			31.3%			29.9%		1043	22.2%	
2	Advanced	3037	19.6%		3092	19.4%		3294	19.1%		2713	14.9%		2741	15.1%	
	Gentiva	2162			2068			2040			2279			2419		
	Gentiva	1915			1750			1957			1954			2165		
3	Gentiva	989	32.6%	79.2%	1022	30.3%	79.4%	1166	29.9%	80.2%	1312	30.5%	75.4%	1735	34.9%	72.2%
4	Interim	1352	8.7%		1291	8.1%		1188	6.9%		1141	6.3%		1350	7.5%	
5	Home Health Prof	528	3.4%													
6	Liberty	456	2.9%		498	3.1%		457	2.6%		373	2.1%		428	2.4%	
7	Personal Home Care	168	1.1%		258	1.6%		519	3.0%		698	3.8%		642	3.5%	
8	Innovative/Brookdale	53	0.3%		371	2.3%		332	1.9%		432	2.4%		151	0.8%	
9	Bayada				239	1.5%		218	1.3%		314	1.7%		556	3.1%	
	Out of County	675	4.3%		635	4.0%		706	4.1%		1512	8.3%		1907	10.5%	
	Total	15520	100.0%		15949	100.0%		17277	100.0%		18159	100.0%		18112	100.0%	

	Wake County															
			2011		2012 2013				2014			2015				
				Cumulative			Cumulative			Cumulative			Cumulative			Cumulative
		Patients	Percent	Percent	Patients	Percent	Percent	Patients	Percent	Percent	Patients	Percent	Percent	Patients	Percent	Percent
1	Rex	2643	18.7%		2664	18.4%		2915	19.4%		3147	22.0%		3308	20.7%	
2	Gentiva	1459	10.3%		1811	12.5%		1990	13.2%		2496	17.4%		2763	17.3%	
3	WakeMed	2191	15.5%	44.4%	2141	14.8%	45.7%	2175	14.5%	47.1%	2138	14.9%	54.3%	1965	12.3%	50.2%
4	Well Care		0.0%		363	2.5%		680	4.5%		1224	8.5%		1540	9.6%	
5	Liberty	1753	12.4%		1973	13.6%		1610	10.7%		996	7.0%		1075	6.7%	
6	Intrepid	971	6.9%		780	5.4%		707	4.7%		801	5.6%		721	4.5%	
7	Medi Home	623	4.4%		612	4.2%		541	3.6%			0.0%		721	4.5%	
8	Bayada	225	1.6%		294	2.0%		358	2.4%		464	3.2%		628	3.9%	
9	North Carolina Home He	alth									18	0.1%		65	0.4%	
10	Transitions Life Care										197	1.4%		272	1.7%	
11	Heartland	720	5.1%		521	3.6%		450	3.0%			0.0%			0.0%	
12	Horizons	228	1.6%		198	1.4%		164	1.1%			0.0%			0.0%	
13	Prof Nursing Svs HH	27	0.2%		25	0.2%		16	0.1%			0.0%			0.0%	
14	Pediatric HH	27	0.2%		19	0.1%		28	0.2%		35	0.2%		26	0.2%	
15	UniHealth/Pruitt				16	0.1%		264	1.8%		52	0.4%		217	1.4%	
16	At Home Quality	513	3.6%													
17	Maxim (New 2016)												·			
	Out of County	2783	19.6%	_	3073	21.2%		3145	20.9%		2754	19.2%		2712	16.9%	
	Total	14163	100.0%		14490	100.0%		15043	100.0%		14322	100.0%		16013	100.0%	



OBJECTIVES

Simione

- Identify direct and indirect costs and understand the relationship of costs to multiple reimbursement models.
- Gain a better understanding of non-clinical and back office costs and become able to evaluate operational cost structure compared to industry benchmarks.
- Utilize industry benchmarks to evaluate the operating costs and revenue.
- Create buy in from staff and management on cost efficiency objectives.

The way is in sight-

WHAT IS A BENCHMARK?

Simione

- A Standard or a set of standards, used as a point of reference for evaluating performance or level of quality.
- Source: BusinessDictionary.com



The way is in

GROSS MARGIN Gross Margin is where you need to start in any financial analysis. Everyone's performance has an affect on Gross Margin. Direct Revenue minus Direct Expenses Direct Revenue – All Net Payer Revenue Direct Expenses – Salaries, payroll taxes, workers compensation, benefits, contract, mileage and supply costs from direct patient care.

Marketing – Admissions & Census Billing – Collections & Cash Clinical – Productivity & Costs Finance – Cost Control Management – Staffing Intake – Census, Cash & Operations Technology – Work Flow efficiencies The way is in sight-

• Gross Margin Revenue Drivers: • Admissions • Payer Mix • Case Weight Mix • Marketing • Billing/Collections • Clinical Quality

GROSS MARGIN	Simi	one-	
 Gross Margin Cost Payment Models Productivity Clinical Teams Management Finance 	Drivers:		
16	The way is in	sight-	
HOME HEALTH GROS	SS MARGIN Simi	one	
• National Home Head 39.92%*	alth Gross Profit Margin i	is	
*These numbers are Na Simione Financial Moni	ational Benchmarks from the tor for 2016 Q4.	a sight-	
HOSPICE GROSS MAI BENCHMARK	RGIN	one-	
• National Hospice G 44.44%*	Gross Profit Margin is		
	ational Benchmarks from the		
Simione Financial Moni	tor for 2016 Q4. The way is in	sight-	

Break out direct vs. indirect costs Break out costs by discipline Break out indirect costs by department Review Performance indicators Understand what drives revenue and cost for your organization Compare to industry benchmarks The way is in sight-

HOME HEALTH DIRECT COST PER	Simione	
DIRECT COSTTER	VISIT ANALISIS	
Discipline	National	
Skilled Nursing	\$94	
Physical Therapy	\$95	
Occupational Therapy	\$98	
Speech Therapy	\$112	
Medical Social Services	\$158	
Home Health Aide	\$38	
Medical Supplies	\$3.35	
24		The way is in sight-